

FORM ADV PART 2A

Current as of March 28, 2024

Triad Advisors, LLC

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This brochure provides information about the qualifications and business practices of Triad Advisors, LLC. If you have any questions about the contents of this brochure, please contact us at (770) 840-6042. Triad Advisors, LLC is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as a registered investment adviser. Registration does not imply any level of skill or training. The information in this brochure has not been approved or verified by the SEC or by any state securities authority.

Additional information about Triad Advisors, LLC is also available on the SEC's website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov. You can search this site by a unique identifying number, known as a CRD number. The CRD number for the Firm is 25803.

ITEM 2 - MATERIAL CHANGES

This Item discusses only specific material changes that are made to this Brochure and provides clients with a summary of such changes. Triad Advisors, LLC filed its last annual amendment to its Form ADV Part 2A Brochure on March 31, 2023. Since then, the following changes have occurred:

- Item 4 Discretionary and non-discretionary assets managed were updated as of 12/31/2023.
- Item 4 Additional details were added about the services provided by Triad Advisors, LLC
- Item 5 Additional disclosures related to fees collected for non-discretionary investment advice were added.
- Item 10 Updates were made to reflect changes to and renaming of certain related persons and affiliates.
- Item 14 Revisions were made to the disclosure of conflicts.

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ITEM 4 - ADVISORY BUSINESS

Triad Advisors, LLC is registered as an investment adviser with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), SEC File No. 801-55518, in order to offer investment advisory products and services to its advisory clients. Triad Advisors, LLC is also a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") as a broker-dealer engaged in the offer and sale of securities products. Advisory products and services are offered through certain Financial Advisers ("FAs") who have registered as Investment Adviser Representatives ("Advisory Representative"). Registration does not imply a certain level of skill or training. Triad is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Osaic Holdings, Inc. ("Osaic"), which is owned primarily by a consortium of investors through RCP Artemis Co-Invest, L.P., an investment fund affiliated with Reverence Capital Partners LLC. The consortium of investors includes, RCP Genpar Holdco LLC, RCP Genpar L.P., RCP Opp Fund II GP, L.P., and The Berliniski Family 2006 Trust.

Triad Advisors, LLC the broker-dealer, will henceforth be referred to as "Triad". Triad Advisors LLC, the Registered Investment Adviser, will henceforth be referred to as "we", "us", "our" or the "Firm".

We have been an SEC Registered Investment Adviser since 1998 and manage, as of December 31, 2023, \$694,953,003 of assets on a discretionary basis and \$411,245,775 on a non-discretionary basis.

Each of our Advisory Representatives is permitted to offer all or any combination of the advisory programs described below to our clients ("you" or "your").

VISION2020 WEALTH MANAGEMENT PLATFORM - ADVISOR MANAGED PORTFOLIOS PROGRAM

The Wealth Management Platform – Advisor Managed Portfolios Program ("Advisor Managed Portfolios") provides comprehensive investment management of your assets through the application of asset allocation planning software as well as the provision of execution, clearing and custodial services through National Financial Services, Inc. ("NFS").

Advisor Managed Portfolios provides risk tolerance assessment, efficient frontier plotting, fund profiling and performance data, and portfolio optimization and re-balancing tools. Utilizing these tools and based on your responses to a risk tolerance questionnaire or other means of establishing your risk tolerance, as well as discussions that you and your Advisory Representative have together regarding, among other things, your personal investment objectives and goals, time horizon, risk tolerance, account restrictions, needs, personal circumstances and overall financial situation, your Advisory Representative constructs a portfolio of investments for you. Your Advisory Representative has the option to allocate your portfolio amongst a mix of stocks, bonds, options, exchange-traded funds, mutual funds and other securities ("Program Investments") which are based on your investment goals, objectives, and risk tolerance.

Each portfolio is designed to meet your individual needs, stated goals and objectives. Additionally, you can elect to place reasonable restrictions on the types of investments to be held in the portfolio. Restrictions can include requiring your Advisory Representative to avoid investing in certain industries, companies, securities, or types of securities. There is no additional charge for applying these types of restrictions to your Advisor Managed Portfolio. If you would like to impose reasonable restrictions on the management of your Advisor Managed Portfolio, or modify reasonable restrictions that you have previously imposed, please contact your Advisory Representative.

Clients should expect that the performance of advisory accounts with restrictions will differ from, and may be lower than, the performance of advisory accounts without restrictions. In addition, the account's risk profile, sector weights and other characteristics may differ from advisory accounts without restrictions. The Advisory Representatives and the Firm do not assume responsibility for investment restrictions that are imposed by the client or any non-client individual or entity, including clients' employers, or that are not communicated in writing to and accepted by the Advisory Representatives.

For further Advisor Managed Portfolios details, please see the Advisor Managed Portfolios Wrap Fee Program Brochure. We provide this brochure to you prior to or concurrent with your enrollment in Advisor Managed Portfolios. Please read it thoroughly before investing.

VISION2020 WEALTH MANAGEMENT PLATFORM – UNIFIED MANAGED ACCOUNT PROGRAM

The Wealth Management Platform – Unified Managed Account Program ("UMA") provides you with the opportunity to invest your assets across multiple investment strategies and asset classes by implementing an asset allocation strategy. UMA is a Wrap Account program that offers these advisory services along with brokerage and custodial services for a single, annual, asset-based advisory fee.

After you discuss your financial goals and objectives with your Advisory Representative, a recommendation to an asset allocation model ("UMA Model") will be made to you which will consist of:

- a) Investment strategies serviced and created by investment managers and/or your Advisory Representative that generally consist of a selection of mutual funds, exchange traded products, equities, and or bonds;
- b) Mutual funds and ETFs ("Funds"); or
- c) A combination of the preceding bundled together in an investment asset allocation model.

Your Advisory Representative will recommend a UMA Model to you based on your responses to a risk tolerance questionnaire (or other means of establishing your risk tolerance) and discussion that your Advisory Representative and you have together regarding among other things, your personal investment objectives and goals, time horizon, risk tolerance, account restrictions, needs, personal circumstances and overall financial situation. In addition, you can place reasonable restrictions on investments held within your UMA account. All recommendations in the UMA are made on a discretionary basis, which means your Advisory Representative can act without your prior approval.

For further UMA details, please refer to The Wealth Management Platform – Unified Managed Account Wrap Fee Program Brochure. We provide this brochure to you prior to or concurrent with your enrollment in UMA. Please read it thoroughly before investing.

THIRD-PARTY ADVISORY SERVICES

The Firm can also offer you the services of various Third-Party Money Managers ("Third Party Money Managers" or "TPMMs") for the provision of certain investment advisory programs including mutual fund wrap and separately managed account programs. In doing so, we act in a "co-advisory" or, in certain circumstances, "promoter capacity. Triad does not serve as broker-dealer for your Third-Party Money Manager account except for certain accounts detailed below.

When acting in a co-advisory capacity, the Firm and the Third-Party Money Manager are jointly responsible for the ongoing management of your account. In connection with this arrangement, your Advisory Representative will provide assistance in the selection and ongoing monitoring of a particular Third-Party Money Manager. Factors we consider in the selection of a particular Third-Party Money Manager include, but are not limited to:

- i. our assessment of a particular Third-Party Money Manager;
- ii. your risk tolerance, goals, objectives and restrictions, as well as investment experience; and
- iii. the assets you have available for investment.

The Firm's role in these relationships is limited as one that monitors Third-Party Money Managers' investment strategies generally as part of its initial and annual diligence of Third-Party Money Managers. In this case, the Firm does not exercise discretion in selecting, holding or selling portfolio investments.

Third-Party Money Managers have differing minimum account requirements and a variety of fee ranges. Each manager's advisory services, fees and expenses, program termination and other information are set forth in their disclosure brochures, client agreements, account opening documents and applicable fund prospectuses. The fees

charged by Third-Party Money Managers who offer their programs directly to you may be more or less than the combined fees charged by the Third-Party Money Manager and us for our participation in the investment programs.

Your Advisory Representative will assist you in opening an account and, when doing so, you will execute an agreement directly with the selected TPMM. Most TPMMs assume limited discretionary authority over your account, meaning that the selected TPMM has the authority to purchase and sell securities in your account without contacting you or your Advisory Representative first. Some TPMMs may allow you to impose restrictions on investing in specified securities or types of securities. In addition to the advisory relationship that you will have with these Third-Party Money Managers, you will also enter into an advisory relationship with us by signing our client agreement. If you are interested in learning more about these services, please note that a complete description of the programs, services, fees, payment structure and termination features are available via the applicable Third-Party Money Manager's disclosure brochures, investment advisory contracts, and account opening documents. You should know that the services provided by us through the use of Third-Party Money Managers are under certain conditions directly offered by them to you. Not all TPMMs are open to all Advisory Representatives, as some are available on a limited basis, for the most part, as the result of transitions and our Firm's growth.

Your Advisory Representative can also act purely in a promoter capacity when referring you to a TPMM. When acting as a promoter for the TPMM program, the Firm and your Advisory Representative do not provide advisory services in relation to the TPMM program. Instead, your Advisory Representative will assist you in selecting one or more TPMM programs. The TPMM will be responsible for assessing the suitability of their investment recommendations against your risk profile. Your Advisory Representative is compensated for referring you to the TPMM program. This compensation generally takes the form of the TPMM sharing a percentage of the advisory fee you pay to the TPMM. When we act as a promoter for a TPMM program, you will receive a written promoter disclosure statement describing the nature of our relationship with the TPMM program, if any; the terms of our compensation arrangement with the TPMM program, including a description of the compensation that we will receive for referring you to the TPMM program. Please consult the applicable Third-Party Money Manager's agreement for further information.

The amount of compensation received by the Firm and your Advisory Representative from a particular TPMM could be higher than the compensation received from another TPMM. This is because compensation structures vary by product type as well as TPMM programs provided. This results in a conflict of interest because your Advisory Representative has a financial incentive to recommend one TPMM program over another in order to receive greater compensation. There may be other suitable TPMM programs that may be more or less costly. If you would like additional information on costs of TPMM programs chosen for you, please discuss with your Advisory Representative.

Trading by Third-Party Money Managers sometimes trigger wash sale rule implications. A wash sale occurs when a security is sold at a loss and then the same or substantially identical security is repurchased within a short time period. The Third-Party Money Manager cannot necessarily manage accounts in a manner to avoid wash sale implications. You are encouraged to consult with a tax advisor to discuss any tax implications involving your portfolios in these and in all advisory programs.

Ladenburg Thalmann Asset Management Inc.

The Firm has an agreement with Ladenburg Thalmann Asset Management Inc. (LTAM) that allows our Advisory Representatives to offer the LTAM sponsored Investment Consultant Services (ICS) Program to clients. Triad serves as broker/dealer for these accounts on the NFS platform. Through this program, Triad assists the client in selecting one or more managers available through the Program ("ICS Managers"), which may include LTAM, to provide discretionary management services for the client's account from those available through ICS.

LTAM is affiliated with Triad. Refer to Item 10, Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations, for additional information.

A complete description of the programs, services, fees, payment structure and termination features are available via LTAM's Form ADV 2A and/or applicable wrap fee brochures, investment advisory contracts, and account opening documents.

FINANCIAL PLANNING AND CONSULTING SERVICES

We offer financial planning services including, but not limited to, the following:

- Personal Financial Planning
- Insurance and Estate Planning
- Capital Need Analysis
- Tax & Cash Flow
- Retirement Planning
- Investment Analysis and Planning
- Education Planning
- Performance Reports

Clients who desire financial planning services will enter into a Financial Planning and Consulting Agreement ("Planning Agreement") that describes the services to be provided and the fees for those services. Clients will receive a written financial plan consistent with the type of planning service requested. Clients are under no obligation to act on the Firm's recommendations. If a client does elect to act on any or all of the recommendations, the client is under no obligation to affect any transactions through the Firm, the investment adviser representative or other associated person of the Firm, or any affiliate of the Firm. Except for securities for which an affiliate of the Firm serves as the exclusive underwriter, clients have the option to purchase investment products that Triad recommends through other investment advisers, brokers or agents that are not affiliated with the Firm.

If a client chooses to use the Firm or an affiliate to implement any recommendations made in the financial plan, the client will usually incur additional fees or costs in connection with the implementation of the plan, as those activities are separate and distinct from the financial planning services.

Financial planning and consulting services are provided pursuant to a separate agreement for a fee agreed upon in that agreement.

RETIREMENT PLAN CONSULTING SERVICES

The Firm offers retirement consulting services to employee benefit plans (collectively, "Plans") and their fiduciaries. The services are designed to assist the plan sponsor (the "Company") in meeting its management and fiduciary obligations to the Plan under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act ("ERISA"). Retirement consulting services are provided pursuant to a retirement plan consulting services agreement, and will consist of general or specific advice, that includes services other than investment advisory services. Retirement plan consulting services include one or more of the following:

- 1. Plan Set Up: Your Advisory Representative will assist you with the initial set up of a new Plan on a record-keeping platform.
- **2. Plan Conversion**: Your Advisory Representative will assist you with converting a Plan from an existing record-keeping platform to a new record-keeping platform.
- **3. Recommend and monitor investment options**: Your Advisory Representative will assist you by periodically reviewing (at least annually) the investment options of the Plan's investment menu and, when warranted, recommend possible change in investment option(s).

- **4. Plan Performance Review**: Your Advisory Representative will assist you by conducting a periodic review (at least annually) to assist you with determining whether the terms of the Plan and the design are meeting your needs and those of the Plan's participants.
- **5. Benchmarking of the platform, fees and services**: Your Advisory Representative will assist you by periodically reviewing and benchmarking the Plan's fees, services and investments.
- **6. Plan Compliance Review**: Your Advisory Representative will conduct a periodic review (at least annually) of specific Plan items as determined by the Plan and advise the Plan whether it is operating in accordance with Plan documents and applicable provisions of ERISA as it relates to the specific items.
- 7. Participant Education Services: Your Advisory Representative will coordinate and/or conduct periodic investment, enrollment and/or retirement education meetings for Plan participants as determined by the Plan.
- 8. Self-Directed Brokerage Account ("SDBA") Education: Your Advisory Representative will, to the extent directed by the Responsible Plan Fiduciary, conduct periodic employee investment education meetings with respect to implementing trades through the SDBA.

There is opportunity for the Company to engage us to provide a review of executive benefits, for separate compensation.

We will determine with the Company in advance the scope of services to be performed and the fees for all requested services. Prior to engaging us to provide consulting services, the Company will be required to enter into a written agreement with us setting forth the terms and conditions of the engagement, describing the scope of the services to be provided, and the relevant fees and fee-paying arrangements. The services outlined above that we provide are explained in more detail in the written agreement. We will also provide additional disclosures about our services and fees, where required by ERISA.

When we perform the agreed upon services, we will not be required to verify the accuracy or consistency of any information received from the Company.

We will serve in a non-discretionary ERISA fiduciary capacity with respect to some but not all of the services that we provide which will be further explained in the written agreement we sign with the Company. The Company is always free to seek independent advice about the appropriateness of any recommendations made by us.

The agreement we sign with the Company includes the disclosures required of Advisory Representative under Section 408(b)(2) of ERISA, in particular, (i) the services to be provided by Advisory Representative, (ii) the extent to which Advisory Representative is acting as a fiduciary, (iii) the compensation to be received by Advisory Representative, and the manner of receipt of that compensation, and (iv) any fees payable on termination of the agreement. Advisory Representative receives no indirect compensation in respect of the services provided pursuant to the agreement. We retain a portion of the compensation described in the agreement for our services in connection with the agreement, the amount of which varies with our arrangement with each Advisory Representative. Pursuant to the agreement, Advisory Representative neither provides recordkeeping services nor makes available any designated investment alternative for the plan nor advises any investment contract, fund or entity in which the plan has a direct equity investment, and no disclosures under Section 408(b)(2) are thus required to be provided in respect of those matters.

Our Fiduciary Acknowledgement

When the Firm and your financial professional provide "investment advice" within the meaning of Title 1 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act and/or the Internal Revenue Code ("Retirement Laws") to you regarding your retirement plan account or individual retirement account ("Retirement Account(s)"), we are fiduciaries under the Retirement Laws with respect to such investment advice. The way we make money creates certain conflicts with your interests, so we operate under a special rule that requires us to act in your best interest and not put our interest ahead of yours. Under these requirements, when providing certain investment recommendations, we must:

- Meet a professional standard of care (give prudent advice);
- Not put our financial interests ahead of yours;
- Avoid misleading statements about our conflicts of interest, fees, and investments;
- Follow policies and procedures designed to ensure that we give advice that is in your best interest;
- Charge no more than what is reasonable for our services; and
- Give you basic information about our conflicts of interest.

Rollovers and Transfers from an Employer Sponsored Plan

We may provide (1) general information and education to you about the factors to consider when deciding whether to move retirement assets to the Firm, or (2) a recommendation that you roll or transfer assets out of an employer sponsored plan to the Firm. If we provide you with a recommendation to roll assets out of an employer plan, you understand and agree that our analysis of the costs and services of your retirement plan, as compared to the costs and services the Firm provides, depends on the information you provide to us (or in certain circumstances, information we obtain from third parties about the plan (or similar types of plans)). You are responsible for updating us promptly if your investment objectives, risk tolerance, and financial circumstances change.

Transfer of Individual Retirement Account ("IRA") to IRA

If your financial professional makes a recommendation that you move assets from an IRA at another financial institution to the Firm, he or she is required to consider, based on the information you provide, whether you will be giving up certain investment-related benefits at the other financial institution, such as the effects of breakpoints or rights of accumulation, and has determined that the recommendation is in your best interest because (1) greater services and/or other benefits (including asset consolidation and holistic advice and planning) can be achieved with the Firm IRA; and (2) the costs associated with the Firm IRA are justified by these services and benefits.

<u>Limitations to our Acknowledgment of Fiduciary Status</u>

This acknowledgment of status under the Retirement Laws does not create or expand any "fiduciary" relationship, capacity or obligations of the Firm and your financial professional under any federal or state laws, other than the Retirement Laws. There are many communications and recommendations that are not considered to be fiduciary "investment advice" under the Retirement Laws (which are subject to change). For additional information please refer to our Fiduciary Acknowledgement available at www.triadadvisors.com/disclosures.

Our Material Conflicts of Interest

Our material conflicts of interest are described in this brochure. Investment advisory, financial planning, or retirement service recommendations as described above may pose a conflict between the interests of the Firm and the interests of clients. For example, a recommendation to engage the Firm for investment advisory services or to increase the level of investment assets with the Firm, including through rollovers or other transfers of retirement plan accounts or IRAs, would pose a conflict, as it would increase the advisory fees paid to the Firm.

You are not obligated to implement any recommendations made by the Firm or maintain an ongoing relationship with the Firm. If a client elects to act on any of the recommendations made by the Firm, the client is under no obligation to execute the transaction through the Firm. Certain of our Advisory Representatives, in addition to being investment adviser representatives of the Firm, may also be registered representatives of Triad. We encourage you to review the Triad Advisors, LLC Broker-Dealer Firm Brochure located at www.triadadvisors.com/disclosures which describes the material conflicts of interest associated with those brokerage services.

Advisory Services vs. Brokerage Services

In most cases, the total compensation that our Firm receives for providing investment advisory services is more than it receives for providing brokerage services. Also, the advisory fees you would pay to us in an investment advisory account do not decrease even where the level of investment trading activity in your advisory account is low. Both our Firm and our individual Advisory Representatives typically make more money if you choose an advisory account over a brokerage account with the Firm. Thus, we and your Advisory Representative have a financial incentive to encourage you to select an advisory account over a brokerage account with the Firm.

Rollovers and Account Type Changes

Regardless of the investments and services you select, the Firm will make more money if you roll over assets from a retirement plan or IRA for which we do not provide services, to a retirement plan or IRA for which we do provide services, whether the rollover is from (1) a plan to an IRA, (2) an IRA to an IRA, (3) a plan to another plan, or (4) an IRA to a plan (as those terms are described above). As noted above, Advisory Representatives are typically compensated in part based on the total advisory fee and commission revenues they generate for our Firm. Therefore, both our Firm and Advisory Representatives have financial incentives to recommend plan and/or IRA rollovers to plans and IRAs serviced by us. You are under no obligation, contractually or otherwise, to complete the rollover. Furthermore, if you do complete the rollover, you are under no obligation to have the assets in an IRA managed by us.

Some of Advisory Representatives are not licensed to provide brokerage services (i.e., through Triad or otherwise) at all. Thus, our Firm and such Advisory Representatives often have additional incentives to recommend that clients roll over or transfer (or otherwise convert) brokerage accounts held at other financial institutions (which may be IRAs, retirement plan accounts or otherwise types of brokerage accounts) to advisory accounts with our Firm.

ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENTS AND CAIS

The Firm has contracted with CAIS Capital, LLC and Capital Integration Systems LLC (collectively "CAIS") and has granted Advisory Representatives access to the CAIS alternative investment platforms. CAIS and its affiliates conduct the initial and on-going due diligence (investment and operational) on private equity and hedge fund offerings available on their platform. The Firm relies on the due diligence provided by CAIS related to the offerings available on the platform. Only Firm-approved alternative investment are available on the CAIS platform. Our agreement with CAIS provides for a payment to us of up to 10 basis points (.10%) on the sale amount of alternative investment products sold through the CAIS platform to our clients. CAIS also pays a fee to attend our Firm's conferences for our Advisory Representatives. Please note that with privately held alternatives valuations can lag a month or more and are received from the issuer's or offerings' third-party administrator. The fee billing calculation uses this data to calculate the Program Fee (as defined below in Item 5 Fees and Compensation). Please refer to Item 5 Fees and Compensation for additional information on fee calculation.

SEMINARS

Our Advisory Representatives are permitted to hold investment-related seminars and/or educational events to existing clients, prospective clients, and the general investing public. The seminars feature general investment-related advice for educational purposes and can include both securities and non-securities topics. No specific individualized investment advice regarding investment objectives or investment related needs of the attendees, listeners, or audience is rendered during seminars. However, participants are free to schedule meetings with the Advisory Representatives(s) in an effort to obtain personalized investment advice.

LENDING SERVICES

Securities Backed Line of Credit (SBLOC) / Non-Purpose Loans

The Firm offers you SBLOCs offered through participating third-party banks and our clearing brokers. SBLOCs are loans whereby an investor borrows against the assets in his or her investment portfolio without having to liquidate these securities. These loans require monthly interest-only payments, and the loan remains outstanding until it is repaid. SBLOCs are non-purpose loans, which means the loan proceeds can be used for purposes other than to purchase or trade securities.

An SBLOC allows you the opportunity to avoid potential capital gains taxes because you don't have to liquidate securities for access to funds. You might also be able to continue to receive the benefits of your holdings, like dividends, interest and appreciation. However, as with virtually every financial product, SBLOCs have risks and

downsides. For instance, if the value of the securities you pledge as collateral decreases, you may need to come up with extra money fast, or your positions could be liquidated.

The Firm receives third party compensation from participants banks and clearing brokers based on a markup on the interest in amounts of up to 175 basis points (1.75%) charged on the amount of the outstanding loans. The compensation varies depending on the participant bank or clearing broker that you select to provide your loan. This compensation is a conflict of interest because the Firm has a financial incentive for the client to select a lender that pays compensation to the Firm over one that does not, and an incentive for the client to maintain outstanding loans through the program. However, the Firm does not share this compensation with its Advisory Representatives. The Firm and its Advisory Representatives interests in continuing to receive investment advisory fees is an incentive to recommend that clients borrow money rather than liquidating some of their assets managed by the Firm, when it could be in a client's best interest to sell such assets instead of using them as collateral for a loan. The Firm maintains policies and procedures to ensure recommendations made to you are in your best interest and in conjunction with the lack of compensation to your Advisory Representative, believe this mitigates any conflict to the Firm.

Prior to establishing a SBLOC, you should carefully review the disclosure form provided by the Firm.

Margin Loans

As a broker-dealer, Triad can arrange for its clearing broker to loan you money against the value of certain stocks, bonds and mutual funds that are held in your account at that clearing broker. That borrowed money is called a margin loan and can be used to purchase additional securities. Margin loans are not available in retirement or custodial accounts. There's no set repayment schedule with a margin loan—monthly interest charges accrue to the account, and the borrower has the option to repay the principal at their convenience, subject to margin calls as discussed below.

Margin loans can be profitable when securities in an account increase in value and the increase in value exceeds the interest you pay on the margin loan. However, the magnifying effect works the other way as well. The marginable investments in the portfolio provide the collateral for the margin loan. While the value of that collateral fluctuates according to the market, the amount borrowed stays the same. If the value of the margined securities decline to the point where they no longer meet the minimum equity requirements for the margin loan, there will be a margin call. When this happens, Triad or its clearing broker will ask that more cash or marginable securities be deposited into the account to meet the minimum equity requirement or they may sell securities in the account as needed. Please remember:

- Margin loans increase an account's level of market risk;
- Triad or its clearing broker may initiate the sale of any security in the account without contacting the account owner, to meet the margin call; and
- Account owners are not entitled to an extension of time on a margin call.

The Firm has a conflict of interest in recommending to you a margin loan because Triad (in its capacity as a broker-dealer) receives a markup on the interest charged on the loan. Such markups on margin interest range up to a maximum markup of 300 basis points (3.00%) above the clearing broker's base lending rate. Your Advisory Representative is not compensated on margin loan balances and therefore does not have a conflict of interest in recommending the use of margin. Consequently, the Firm's conflict of interest to you is mitigated since your Advisory Representative does not receive additional compensation for recommending to you the use of margin. The Firm maintains policies and procedures to ensure recommendations made to you are in your best interest and in conjunction with the lack of compensation to your Advisory Representative, believe this mitigates any conflict to Triad.

Please refer to your margin agreement for additional details regarding your margin loan. Please also refer to the <u>Client Fee Disclosure - NFS Clearing</u> located at <u>www.triadadvisors.com/disclosures</u> to find additional details regarding margin loan fees.

ITEM 5 - FEES AND COMPENSATION

VISION2020 WEALTH MANAGEMENT PLATFORM - ADVISOR MANAGED PORTFOLIOS PROGRAM

We offer Advisor Managed Portfolios as an account where no separate transactions charges apply and a single fee is paid for all advisory services and transactions ("Wrap Account").

We also offer Advisor Managed Portfolios with separate advisory fees and transaction charges ("Non-Wrap Account"). As such, in addition to the monthly or quarterly account fee described below for advisory services, you will also pay separate per-trade transaction charges.

You will pay a monthly or quarterly account fee, in advance or arrears, based upon the market value of the assets held in your account as of the last business day of the preceding calendar month or quarter or on the average daily value of your account of the preceding month or quarter. Your account fees are negotiable and will be debited from your account by our custodian. If you terminate your participation in this program, you will be entitled to a pro-rata refund of any prepaid monthly or quarterly fees based upon the number of days remaining in the month or quarter after the date upon which the notice of termination is received.

Each of our Advisory Representatives negotiates his or her own account fee schedule.

Mutual funds and ETFs invested in the account have their own internal fees which are separate and distinct from the program account fees (for more information on these fees, see the applicable fund prospectus).

Some Fund fees include 12b-1 fees which are internal distribution fees assessed by the Fund, all or a portion of which are paid to the distributor(s) of the Funds. The Firm and your Advisory Representative do not retain 12b-1 fees paid by the Funds.

In certain instances, there is opportunity to be eligible to purchase certain mutual funds and ETFs without incurring transaction charges subject to certain conditions. For details, please refer to Item 4 (No Transaction Fee Programs) of the Advisor Managed Portfolios wrap fee brochure.

For complete fee details, please see the Advisor Managed Portfolios Wrap Fee Program Brochure.

VISION2020 WEALTH MANAGEMENT PLATFORM – UNIFIED MANAGED ACCOUNT PROGRAM

We offer UMA as an account where no separate transactions charges apply and a single fee is paid for all advisory services and transactions ("Wrap Account").

You will pay a monthly or quarterly account fee, in advance, based upon the market value of the assets held in your account as of the last business day of the preceding calendar month or quarter. Your account fees are negotiable and will be debited from your account by our custodian. If you terminate your participation in this program, you will be entitled to a pro-rata refund of any prepaid monthly or quarterly fees based upon the number of days remaining in the month or quarter after the date upon which the notice of termination is received.

Each of our Advisory Representatives negotiates his or her own account fee schedule. The account fees paid by client include portions paid to your Advisory Representative ("Advisory Fees"), as well as to the Firm, the custodian, and the Third-Party Money Managers selected ("Program Fees"). Advisory Fees are set independently regardless of manager selected. Mutual funds and ETFs invested in the account also have their own internal fees ("internal fund expenses") which are separate and distinct from the program account fees (for more information on these fees, see the applicable fund prospectus). Since fees billed to your UMA account are comprised of both Program Fees and Advisory Fees, Advisory Representatives may have an incentive to select third party money managers with lower Program Fees in order to manage the overall fee charged to you. You and your Advisory Representative

should consider the overall fees and expenses, including internal fund expenses, when selecting managers and other portfolio investments.

For complete fee details, please refer to The Wealth Management Platform – Unified Managed Account Wrap Fee Program Brochure.

THIRD-PARTY ADVISORY SERVICES

Compensation in connection with Third-Party Advisory Services generally consists of six elements: i) management fees paid to Third-Party Money Managers; ii) management fees paid to us as outlined in the client agreement that you sign with us; iii) transaction costs – if applicable – which are charged when purchasing and selling such securities; iv) custody fees; v) revenue sharing paid to the Firm and vi) fees paid to us for administrative and supervisory services. Your account will be held with the Third-Party Advisory Service custodian where your fees will be assessed and deducted.

Similar investment strategies offered through the Third-Party Advisory Services program can be offered by more than one provider, including other TPMMs, as well as through other advisory programs offered through the Firm and its affiliates. You should be aware that lower fees for comparable services may be available from other sources.

The account fees paid by client include portions paid to your Advisory Representative ("Advisory Fees"), as well as to the Firm, the custodian, and the Third-Party Money Managers selected ("Program Fees"). Mutual funds, exchange traded funds and other pooled investment vehicles invested in the account also have their own internal fees ("internal fund expenses") which are separate and distinct from the program account fees (for more information on these fees, see the applicable fund prospectus). Since fees billed to your account for Third-Party Advisory Services are typically comprised of both Program Fees and Advisory Fees, Advisory Representatives may have an incentive to select Third-Party Advisory Services with lower platform Program Fees in order to manage the overall fee charged to you. You and your Advisory Representative should consider the overall fees and expenses, including internal fund expenses, when selecting managers and other portfolio investments.

For further details, please see the applicable Third-Party Money Manager's disclosure brochures, investment advisory contracts and account opening documents.

Each of our Advisory Representatives negotiates his or her own management fee schedule; however, management fees charged by the Third-Party Advisory Service in connection with their services are not negotiable.

Triad maintains certain revenue sharing arrangements with certain Third-Party Advisory Services and product sponsors (please refer to Item 14, Other Compensation).

FINANCIAL PLANNING AND CONSULTING SERVICES

The fee charged for financial planning and related consulting services will be agreed upon and memorialized in the Planning Agreement. The fees will be determined according to numerous factors including the complexity of the financial plan and the extent of services desired. Fees are negotiable. Financial planning and consulting services are available based upon an hourly rate or a flat fee.

Financial planning fees are billed to the client either monthly, quarterly, semi-annually, or upon completion of the plan. The Planning Agreement may be terminated by either party upon written notice to the other party. Triad will refund any pre-paid fees that were not earned prior to termination of the agreement. Clients who terminate the agreement within five (5) business days of signing the Planning Agreement will be provided a full refund. The fee covers only the financial planning and consulting services provided by the Firm under the Planning Agreement. Clients who choose to implement any recommendations contained in the financial plans through the Firm or any of its investment adviser representatives or affiliates will incur additional advisory fees, costs and charges as further discussed below.

RETIREMENT PLAN CONSULTING SERVICES

Fees charged by the Firm for retirement plan services are flexible. All fees will be paid according to the Retirement Plan Agreement. The client may be charged a fee based on a percentage of plan assets, an hourly rate or a flat fee. The plan may choose whether the fees will be paid upon invoice or will be deducted from plan assets. The latter option will usually require the plan sponsor to authorize the plan's recordkeeper or custodian to pay the Firm from plan assets. If the plan assets are held in Triad brokerage accounts, the fees will typically be billed monthly or quarterly in advance. If assets are held at another custodian, the agreement will describe the agreed-upon payment methodology.

The sponsor may terminate the agreement within five (5) business days of executing the Retirement Plan Agreement without incurring a penalty or charge. If the agreement is terminated prior to the end of a full billing period, Triad will be entitled to pro-rata compensation.

To understand and evaluate the total fees being paid by the plan in connection with investment related services, the client should review both the fees charged by the mutual funds, ETFs and other investments available within the plan, the costs of the plan's other service providers and the fees charged by Triad.

Clients that receive retirement plan services may also use other products or services available from or through the Firm and its affiliates, which products or services cause additional compensation to be received by the Firm and its affiliates. The availability of such services creates a conflict of interest that gives the Firm and our investment adviser representatives an incentive to recommend advisory services and programs based on the compensation received. We have policies and procedures in place to prevent conflicts of interest from influencing recommendations made by our investment adviser representatives and to assure that recommendations are consistent with our duties to clients.

NEGOTIATION OF FEES

Fees are negotiated on a case-by-case basis, depending on a variety of factors, including the nature and complexity of the particular service, your relationship with us and our Advisory Representative, the size of the account, the potential for other business or clients, the amount of work anticipated and the attention needed to manage your account. As a result of these and other factors, the sponsors of the advisory programs offered also set different limits on fees that are charged to you. Please note that the same or similar services to those described above may be available elsewhere to you at a lower cost.

ADDITIONAL FEES AND EXPENSES

Mutual fund investments in the programs that we offer are no-load or load at NAV. Certain mutual fund investments are subject to early redemption fees, 12b-1 fees and mutual fund management fees as well as other mutual fund expenses. These fees are in addition to the fees and expenses referenced above. Please review the mutual fund prospectus for full details. Triad and your Advisory Representative do not retain 12b-1 fees paid by mutual funds. Representatives using third-party money managers for funds held directly with the product sponsor cannot receive an additional promoter's fee if they received an upfront commission, ongoing trails or 12b-1 fees. A surcharge is applied for certain mutual funds. Please refer to the Client Fee Disclosure - NFS Clearing located at www.triadadvisors.com/disclosures to find additional details regarding custodial fees.

Variable annuity companies generally impose internal fees and expenses on your variable annuity investment, including contingent deferred sales charges and early redemption fees. In addition, variable annuity companies generally impose mortality charges. These fees are in addition to the fees and expenses referenced above. Complete details of such internal expenses are specified and disclosed in each variable annuity company's prospectus. Please review the Variable Annuity prospectus for full details.

There are additional fees relating to IRA and Qualified Retirement Plan accounts that you normally incur such as maintenance and termination fees. You will find these fees disclosed in the account application paperwork provided to you associated with these accounts.

Advisory Representatives may receive commissions, other fees and/or compensation in relation to any investment or insurance product placed through or with Triad as a broker-dealer outside your advisory account. Therefore, Advisory Representatives have a conflict of interest in recommending such products.

Please be aware that you are under no obligation to purchase products or services recommended by us or members of our Firm in connection with providing you with any advisory service that we offer.

Mutual funds generally offer multiple share classes available for investment based upon certain eligibility and/or purchase requirements. For instance, in addition to the more commonly offered retail share classes (typically, Class A, B and C shares), some mutual funds also offer institutional share classes and other share classes that are specifically designed for purchase in an account enrolled in fee-based investment advisory programs. Institutional share classes or classes of shares designed for purchase in an investment advisory program usually, but not always, have a lower expense ratio than other share classes. An investor who holds a more expensive share class of a fund will pay higher fees over time – and earn lower investment returns – than an investor who holds a less expensive share class of the same fund. Not all mutual funds and share classes offered to the investing public are available through our advisory programs for which a client might otherwise be eligible to purchase.

The Firm and its Advisory Representatives have a financial incentive to recommend or select share classes that have higher expense ratios because such share classes generally result in higher compensation. The Firm has taken steps to minimize this conflict of interest by implementing additional training for Advisory Representatives, increasing the proportion of institutional share classes that are available on the platform. The Firm rebates Rule 12b-1 fees on both qualified and non-qualified client accounts. Clients should not assume that they will be invested in the share class with the lowest possible expense ratio.

Representatives can recommend that products on which they previously received a commission be converted to positions in a fee-based advisory account. This recommendation can be considered a conflict of interest, and we manage the conflict through written disclosure to you and by imposing reasonable controls designed to monitor for this activity. Mutual funds moved from a commission account to a fee-based advisory account will be converted to a lower-cost share class if available on the Firm's Approved Advisory Products List (discussed below). However, recently purchased A share mutual funds cannot be transferred to fee-based accounts. Other commissionable products can be transferred in-kind to an advisory account (i.e., equities and exchange-traded-funds) subject to the Firm's approval. We do not allow the systematic conversion of recently purchased commission-based products to fee-based advisory accounts.

In an effort to mitigate the above-referenced conflicts and meet current SEC regulatory expectations, Triad has created an Approved Advisory Products List ("Products List") to which the Firm's advisory activities are subject. The selection of mutual funds and share classes for the Products List is based on a number of factors including expense ratio, availability, and supervision practicality. Triad has implemented procedures whereby no new mutual fund purchases may be made in advisory accounts unless such mutual funds and share classes have been approved and are listed on the current Products List. Further, to the extent that certain funds currently held in advisory accounts are on the Products List but not held in an approved class, Triad has a periodic process of converting all such holdings to an approved share class, without tax consequence and at no cost, in most cases.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, you should understand that despite its inclusion on the Products List, the share class offered for a particular mutual fund in many cases will not be the least expensive share class that the mutual fund makes available. Also, other financial services firms may offer the same mutual fund at a lower overall cost to the investor than is available through Triad. We also note that to the extent that an advisory account includes mutual fund holdings that are unapproved as to both fund and share class, such funds may continue to be held in that account (although no new purchases shall be permitted).

Finally, we note that Triad's policies and procedures allow the Firm's advisory representatives to formally request for both new inclusions to the Products List as well as (in rare cases) waivers from its applicability. Clients may find additional information relating to mutual fund share classes by visiting http://www.finra.org/investors/alerts/understanding-mutual-fund-classes.

Finally, certain additional brokerage fees and custodian fees apply to your advisory accounts where Triad is acting as the broker-dealer. In some instances, we apply a markup to these fees. Depending on the custodial fee, it is applied annually, per transaction, per month or per CUSIP. Please refer to the <u>Client Fee Disclosure - NFS Clearing</u> located at <u>www.triadadvisors.com/disclosures</u> to find additional details regarding custodial fees.

WRAP ACCOUNTS

For Advisory Programs with wrap account pricing, the fee for transactions executed in your account are included in your account fee. As a result, in some cases the quarterly fee charged in a wrap Account will be higher than that of a non-wrap Account with separate advisory fees and transaction charges. Please consider that depending upon the level of the wrap fee charges, the amount of portfolio activity in the account, the value of services that are provided under the investment program, and other factors, the wrap fee may or may not exceed the aggregate cost of services if they were to be provided separately. Generally, wrap programs are relatively less expensive for actively traded accounts. However, the fees in a wrap account will be higher overall cost to a client than in a non-wrap, if the wrap account has low trading activity. The Firm has policies and procedures to monitor and reduce the risk of this occurring.

OPTIONS FOR ASSETS INVESTED IN RETIREMENT PLAN ACCOUNT

If you have an employer-sponsored retirement plan, you may have several choices as to what to do with your assets when you retire or change jobs. Generally, you might choose one of the following options:

- 1. Keep your assets in the employer's plan (if allowed)
- 2. Rollover your assets into an individual retirement account, commonly referred to as an IRA
- 3. Rollover your assets to another employer-sponsored plan
- 4. Take a distribution in cash from the plan

Your Advisory Representative has a financial incentive to recommend an IRA rollover because of the compensation he or she will receive when you transfer funds to an account on which the representative will receive a fee from an employer-sponsored retirement plan or from another IRA. This conflict also pertains to situations where you are a participant in a plan where your Advisory Representative is a fiduciary. You should carefully discuss and weigh the advantages and disadvantages of each option with your Advisory Representative before making your decision.

You should speak to your Advisory Representative to address any questions that a client or prospective client may have regarding its prospective engagement and the corresponding conflict of interest presented by such engagement.

For additional information please refer to our Fiduciary Acknowledgement available at www.triadadvisors.com/disclosures.

SWEEP PROGRAM

When your Program Account is maintained at one of our clearing firms, NFS, your free credit balance will be automatically deposited or "swept" to a deposit account at one or more banks whose deposits are insured up to applicable limits by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") (the "Sweep Program"). Under the Sweep Program, Triad maintains two FDIC-insured deposit programs, the Bank Deposit Sweep Program ("BDSP") and the Insured Cash Account Program ("ICAP"), that create financial benefits for Triad as described below. For certain Program Account types, free credit balances are swept to a money market mutual fund product (the "Money Market

Mutual Fund Program"), Qualifying account types are eligible for both retail and institutional share classes. Shares held in retail funds would benefit Triad, as the fund would pay remuneration fees to the Firm. There is no benefit to the Firm for shares held in institutional funds. Please see the **Sweep Program Terms and Conditions** document, available from your Advisory Representative or from the website listed below, for full details about the Sweep Program.

As set forth in the terms of your Customer Agreement with Triad, you may remove your Program Account from participating in the Sweep Program by notifying your Advisory Representative. If you remove your Program Account from the Sweep Program, cash balances will be held by the clearing firm as a free credit balance. In addition, there are always alternatives for the short-term investment of cash balances, including non-sweep money market mutual funds, treasury bills, and brokered certificates of deposit, that offer higher returns than the sweep options made available to you.

FDIC Insured Deposit Program (BDSP & ICAP)

Eligible account types: all accounts except ERISA Title 1 accounts, 403(b)(7), & Keogh plans

Free credit balances swept to a deposit account will earn interest that is compounded daily and credited to your Program Account monthly. Interest begins to accrue on the date of deposit with the banks participating in the program ("Program Banks"), through the business day preceding the date of withdrawal from the deposit account. The daily rate is 1/365 (or 1/366 in a leap year) of the posted interest rate.

Bank Deposit Sweep Program - BDSP

The Firm has established deposit levels or tiers which ordinarily pay different rates of interest depending on deposit balances. Generally, Program Accounts with higher deposit balances receive higher rates of interest than accounts with lower balances. The interest rate payable to you is determined by us and is based on the amounts paid by the Program Banks to obtain the deposits. The amount we retain, less a fee paid to our clearing agent and the third-party administrator, will not exceed 600 basis points (6.00%) per year (the "Maximum Program Fee") on the average daily balances held in the BDSP. Interest paid on the deposit accounts will generally be lower than the rate of return on (i) other investment products that are not FDIC insured, such as money market mutual funds and (ii) on bank deposits offered outside of the BDSP.

Your Advisory Representative does not receive any portion of the fees paid by the Program Banks.

The income we earn from Program Banks based on your balances in BDSP will in almost all circumstances be substantially greater than the amount of interest you earn from the same balances. As such, we receive a substantially higher percentage of the interest generated by deposit balances in the BDSP than the interest credited to your accounts. When evaluating whether to utilize the Sweep Program and the extent to which our fee exceeds the interest rate you receive, you should assume that we are receiving the Maximum Program Fee described above.

Insured Cash Account Program - ICAP

The Firm will receive a monthly per-account fee for services it provides in connection with maintaining and administering the Sweep Program for IRAs held in an advisory/ fee-based account (the "Sweep Account Fee"). The Sweep Account Fee that each Osaic affiliated broker-dealer can earn from Program Accounts participating in ICAP is subject to a maximum monthly per account fee that is between \$34.25 and \$36.75. Please refer to the applicable **Sweep Program Terms and Conditions** document, which you can obtain from your Advisory Representative or from the website listed below; refer to "*Disclosures*," then to the FDIC Insured Deposit Program used in your account (ICAP), for further details about the maximum monthly per account fee.

The Sweep Account Fee does not depend on or vary with (and is not affected by) the actual amounts held in any particular account or your Program Account. Thus, our compensation for Program Accounts that participate in ICAP is composed solely of the Sweep Account Fee. The fee received may differ among each Program Bank. You will have no rights to the amounts paid by the Program Banks, except for interest actually credited to your account. The Sweep Account Fee will reduce the interest you are paid on the amount of assets in your Program Account.

The Sweep Account Fee will generally be paid by the Program Banks on your Program Account's behalf; however, the Fee or any portion thereof can be deducted directly from your Program Account if, for example, the amounts paid by the Program Banks are insufficient to cover the Sweep Account Fee. In the event that we debit all or a portion of the monthly account fee from your account, each such amount will be reflected on your account statement. The amount of fees received by Triad, our clearing agent, and any other service provider reduces the interest you receive on your deposit account(s).

Your Advisory Representative does not receive any portion of the fees paid by the Program Banks.

Money Market Mutual Funds - NFS

Free credit balances in the following Program Account types custodied at NFS will be automatically swept into either the Fidelity Government Cash Reserves Fund (FDRXX), or the Fidelity Government Money Market Fund – Capital Reserves Class (FZAXX) ("Fidelity Funds"), which are both managed by Fidelity Investments:

- All ERISA Title 1 account types, including Profit Sharing Plans, 401(k), Roth 401(k), Simple 401(k), Individual 401(k), qualified deferred compensation plans, defined benefit plans, target benefit plans, and money purchase pension plans
- 403(b)(7) accounts
- Keogh plans

The Fidelity Government Cash Reserves Fund and the Fidelity Government Money Market Fund are money market mutual funds and seek to maintain a stable share price of \$1.00 per share. Both Fidelity Funds invest at least 99.5% of their total assets in cash, U.S. Government securities and/or repurchase agreements that are collateralized fully (i.e., collateralized by cash or government securities). Both Fidelity Funds invests in U.S. Government securities issued by entities that are chartered or sponsored by Congress but whose securities are neither issued nor guaranteed by the U.S. Treasury. Although the Fidelity Funds seek to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, neither can guarantee they will do so. An investment in the fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

Triad does not receive any compensation from Fidelity Funds.

For additional information about the <u>Sweep Program</u> for accounts custodied at NFS, please visit our website located at <u>www.triadadvisors.com/trisweep</u>.

Material Conflicts of Interest

Because the Sweep Program generates significant payments from third parties (*i.e.*, the Program Banks that participate in BDSP and/or ICAP) to Triad, a conflict of interest exists. A conflict of interest also arises because we earn more compensation from cash balances being swept to or maintained in the Sweep Program than if you purchase other investment funds or securities. The more client deposits held in BDSP, and the longer such deposits are held, the greater the compensation we, our clearing firms, and the third-party administrator receive. By investing through an advisory account, the compensation we receive from the BDSP or ICAP, as applicable, is in addition to the advisory fees that you pay. This means that we earn two layers of fees on the same cash balances in client advisory accounts with us. If we did not receive such compensation, which is in addition to advisory, transaction, servicing and other fees and compensation related to Program Accounts, such client fees (including advisory fees) would generally be higher.

In addition, a conflict of interest arises as a result of the financial incentive for the Firm to recommend and offer a Sweep Program over which they have control of certain functions. Triad has the ability to establish and change interest rates paid on Sweep Program balances, to select or change Program Banks that participate in the BDSP and ICAP, and to determine the tier levels (if applicable) at which interest rates are paid, all of which generates additional compensation for Triad.

The Advisory Representative who makes investment recommendations for your Program Account does not receive any compensation from these payments or based on the selection of the sweep vehicle. The Firm maintains policies and procedures to ensure recommendations made to you are in your best interest. For more information about this service and benefits that we receive in connection with such deposits, please refer to the Sweep Program terms and conditions document, which you can request from your Advisory Representative.

Given the conflicts discussed above, each client should consider the importance of BDSP and ICAP to us when evaluating our total fees and compensation and deciding whether to utilize the BDSP and/or ICAP.

ITEM 6 - PERFORMANCE-BASED FEES AND SIDE-BY-SIDE MANAGEMENT

Neither the Firm nor our Advisory Representatives accept performance-based fees (i.e. fees based on a share of capital gains or capital appreciation of the assets of a client). Nor does the Firm engage in side-by-side management (i.e. managing accounts that are charged performance-based fees while at the same time managing accounts that are not charged performance-based fees).

ITEM 7 - TYPES OF CLIENTS

Our Advisory Representatives provide investment advisory services to:

- Individuals (including high net worth individuals)
- · Banking or thrift institutions
- Pension and profit-sharing plans
- Trusts
- · Estates or charitable organizations
- Corporations
- · State and municipal governmental entities
- · Other business entities

Our minimum account size requirements for opening an account with us are as follows:

Program	Requirement
VISION2020 Wealth Management Platform – Advisor Managed Portfolios Program	\$10,000
VISION2020 Wealth Management Platform – Unified Managed Account Program	The program minimum for the United Managed Account Program is \$5,500. The specific minimum varies according to the Investment Manager and asset allocation model selected.
Third-Party Advisory Services	Each Third-Party Advisory Service sets their own minimums
Financial Planning & Consulting Services	No minimum
Retirement Plan Consulting Services	No minimum

All account minimums may be waived at the sole discretion of the Program Sponsor.

ITEM 8 - METHODS OF ANALYSIS, INVESTMENT STRATEGIES AND RISK OF LOSS

Advisory Representatives rely on various types of tools and methods to assist in recommending or selecting investment strategies to you. As noted in Item 4, your Advisory Representative formulates an investment strategy based on discussions with you regarding, among other things, your personal investment objectives and goals, time horizon, risk tolerance, account restrictions, needs, personal circumstances and overall financial situation. Based on those discussions, a portfolio of investments is constructed for you.

Investment returns are highly dependent on the value of underlying securities which are impacted by trends in the various investment markets. All investments carry a certain degree of risk and no one particular security, investment product, investment style or portfolio manager is suitable for all types of investors. Since the Firm and its Advisory Representatives recommend and offer a broad spectrum of investment products, programs and strategies, the methods of analysis and investment strategies recommended will varies based upon the Advisory Representative making the assessment and providing the advice. Under the Third-Party Advisory Services Program, each TPMM has its own methods of analysis, investment strategies and unique investment risks that should also be reviewed and considered.

METHODS OF ANALYSIS

The Firm does not require our Advisory Representatives to implement a particular investment strategy or method of analysis which will vary based upon the individual Advisory Representative making the assessment and providing the advice. Some of the more common methods of analysis that are used are Fundamental and Technical analysis. Fundamental analysis is security analysis grounded in basic factors such as the financial condition and management of a company as well as overall economic and industry conditions which are used to predict the future value of an investment. The resulting data is used to measure the true value of the company's stock compared to the current market value. Technical analysis is the practice of using statistics to determine trends in security prices and make or recommend investment decisions based on those trends. Technical analysis involves using chart patterns, momentum, volume, recurring price patterns, trends based upon business cycles and relative strength in an effort to identify patterns that suggest future activity.

Your Advisory Representative has access to third-party vendors that provide programs or software to analyze individual securities. We also offer your advisor access to third party vendors that provide support services in portfolio design and strategy implementation. One of our affiliates, LTCO, provides research designed to help clients capitalize on inefficiencies in the market. Their institutional quality research provides their partners with value-added insights that enables their decision-making processes, informs their strategies and allows them to address critical market issues. Your Advisory Representative can use the services of LTCO in addition to other third-party services made available. Refer to Item 10, *Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations*, for more information about our affiliates.

Your Advisory Representative or a Third-Party Money Manager can engage in a tactical strategy involving active trading. Tactical strategies can be risky and your portfolio can be more volatile with shorter term fluctuations from more frequent trading. This type of strategy may not be appropriate for clients with a low risk tolerance. You should be prepared for higher volatility and may lose funds when you invest in securities. Active trading can result in tax consequences due to shorter-term purchases and sells. Consult your tax professional for advice. Clients should review a Third-Party Money Manager's disclosure brochure before investing.

ASSOCIATED RISKS

Fundamental Analysis generally relies on, among other things, company earnings, balance sheet variables and management quality which are used to predict the future value of an investment. Data reviewed is generally considered reliable but cannot be guaranteed nor verified for its accuracy. In addition, the data reviewed is sometimes subjective in nature and open to interpretation. Even if the data and interpretation of the data is correct, there can be other factors that determine the value of securities other than those considered in Fundamental Analysis.

Technical Analysis is based on statistics to determine trends in security prices and to make investment decisions based on those trends. This analysis is used to predict how an investment will perform short-term. In addition, this analysis does not take into account, the more fundamental properties of what an investment may be worth such as company performance and balance sheet variables which play a part in determining the value of an investment.

When pursuing strategic long-term investing strategies, the general assumption is that the financial markets will go up in the long-term which cannot be assured. There is also the risk that the segment of the market that you are invested in or perhaps just your particular investment will go down over time even if the overall financial markets advance. In addition, purchasing investments long-term creates an opportunity cost, "locking-up" assets that may be better utilized in the short-term in other investments.

1. General Investment Risks

In addition to the personal risk considerations discussed above, the Firm believes it is important for you to understand the risks associated with each recommendation and investment type available. The following is a summary of some of the general risks associated with investing. Please note that this list is not all inclusive, and is provided as an indication of some of the factors that can impact the value of your investments:

Business risk

This is the risk that the strength of the company you are buying a piece of ownership in (stock for example) or are loaning money to (a bond, for example) affects your potential returns. Your returns from the stock purchase or bond purchase are influenced by factors like the company going out of business, or going into bankruptcy, or having a viable and strong revenue stream from the products or services it sells that is not over-shadowed by expenses. If a company goes bankrupt and its assets are liquidated, common stockholders are the last in line to share in the proceeds.

Call risk

This is the risk that your bond or other fixed-income investment will be called or purchased back from you when conditions are favorable to the product issuer and unfavorable to you.

Concentration risk

This is the risk of loss because your money is concentrated in one investment or type of investment. When you diversify your investments, you spread the risk over different types of investments, industries and geographic locations.

Credit risk

This is the risk that the government entity or company that issued the investment will run into financial difficulties and won't be able to pay the interest or repay the principal at maturity. Credit risk applies to debt investments such as bonds. You can evaluate credit risk by looking at the credit rating of the bond or the issuer. For example, long-term U.S. government bonds currently have a credit rating of AAA, which indicates the lowest possible credit risk.

Currency risk

This is the risk of losing money because of a movement in the exchange rate. For example, if the U.S. dollar becomes less valuable relative to the Canadian dollar, your U.S. stocks will be worth less in Canadian dollars. This applies when you own foreign investments.

Cybersecurity risk

The Firm's information and technology systems may be vulnerable to damage or interruption from computer viruses, network failures, computer and telecommunication failures, infiltration by unauthorized persons and security breaches, usage errors by its professionals, power outages and catastrophic events such as fires, tornados, floods, hurricanes and earthquakes. Although the Firm has implemented various measures to protect the confidentiality of its internal data and to manage risks relating to these types of events, if these systems are compromised, become inoperable for extended periods of time or cease to function properly, the Firm will likely have to make a significant investment to fix or replace them. The failure of these systems and/or of disaster recovery plans for any reason could cause significant interruptions in the Firm's operations and result in a failure to maintain the security, confidentiality or privacy of sensitive data, including personal information relating to clients. Such a failure could harm the Firm's reputation or subject it or its affiliates to legal claims and otherwise affect their business and financial performance. The Firm will seek to notify affected clients of any known cybersecurity incident that will likely pose substantial risk of exposing confidential personal data about such clients to unintended parties.

Risk of Environmental, Social and Governance Investing ("ESG"), Socially Responsible Investing (SRI) and Other Forms of Sustainable, Responsible, Impact and Religion-based Investing

The risk that another party disagrees on differences in interpretations of what it means for a company to be an environmental and/or social impact investment. There are significant differences in interpretations of what it means for a company to be an environmental and/or social impact investment. There is a risk that issuers self-label an issuance Green (or Social, Sustainable, or any other type of impact-related adjective) without adhering to the Green Bond Principles, Social Bond Principles, Sustainability Bond Guidelines, or other commonly followed market guidance. There exists no binding third-party authority to certify all Green, Social, Sustainable, or other labeled issuance at this time. There is a similar risk when a third-party money manager or a portfolio manager labels their strategy as ESG, SRI or based on religious principles.

ESG and SRI Government Funding/Subsidy Risk

The risk that the success of certain environmental and social impact investments depends on government funding, tax credits, or other public or private sector subsidies, which are not guaranteed over the life of the investment.

ESG/SRI/Impact Investment Return Risk

The risk that environmental and/or social impact investments do not provide as favorable returns or protection of capital as other investments or are more concentrated in certain sectors than investments that do not have the intention of generating measurable social and environmental impact. This could cause ESG securities to generate lower returns than non-ESG securities.

ESG/SRI/Impact Investment Selection Return Risk

The risk that there are lower financial returns as a result of taking into account the potential environmental and/or social impact when making decisions regarding the selection, management and disposal of investments, which means that a portfolio containing only such securities will generate lower returns than a portfolio of securities selected without regard to ESG/SRI/Impact investing criteria.

Default risk

This is the risk that a bond or other fixed-income investment issuer is unable to pay the contractual interest or principal on the product in a timely manner or at all.

Financial risk

This is the risk that the companies you invest in will perform poorly, which affect the price of your investment. You can't eliminate financial risk; however, you may be able to minimize the impact through diversification.

Foreign Investment risk

This is the risk of loss when investing in foreign countries. When you buy foreign investments, such as shares of companies in emerging markets, you face risks that do not exist in the United States (for example, the risk of nationalization).

Horizon risk

This is the risk that your investment time horizon may be shortened due to a foreseen or unforeseen event, thus requiring you to sell the investment(s) that you were expecting to hold for a longer term. If you must sell at a time when the markets are down, you may lose money.

Hypothetical Performance and Projected Returns Risk

The risk arising from reliance in making an investment decision on performance of a portfolio not necessarily achieved by any particular investor. Projected returns are hypothetical, do not reflect actual investment results, and are not guarantees of future results. Such projected performance is subject to a number of limitations and assumptions designed to determine the probability or likelihood of a particular investment outcome based on a

range of possible outcomes. It is possible that any of those assumptions will prove not to be accurate. In addition, performance of a model portfolio, other portfolios, or a client's advisory account may differ materially from investment gains and avoidance of investment losses projected, described, or otherwise referenced in forward-looking statements and the projected returns associated with any portfolio may not materialize.

Inflation risk

Inflation risk, also called purchasing power risk, is the chance that the cash generated by an investment today won't be worth as much in the future. Changes in purchasing power due to inflation may cause inflation risk. There are investments that help minimize inflation risk.

Interest Rate risk

This is a risk that can affect the value of bonds or other fixed-income investments you may purchase. When interest rates rise, the market value of bonds fall. When interest rates fall, the market value of bonds rise.

Liquidity risk

This is the risk that an investor would not be able to sell or redeem an investment quickly or would not be able to sell or redeem an investment quickly without significantly affecting the price. Liquidity risk is heightened when markets are distressed. Generally, alternative investments have higher liquidity risk than equities, fixed income securities or mutual funds or ETFs. You may be able to minimize this risk by diversifying. A good option is index investing where risk is diversified over the various stocks held in a portfolio tracking a particular index. You can't invest directly is an index.

Manager risk

This is the risk that an investment manager will fail to execute its stated investment strategy.

Market risk

This is the risk that the stock market will decline, decreasing the value of the securities owned. Stock market bubbles and crashes are good examples of heightened market risk. You can't eliminate market risk; however, you may be able to minimize the impact through diversification.

Margin Risk

Margin trading involves interest charges and risks, including the potential to lose more than deposited or the need to deposit additional collateral in a falling market. A margin transaction occurs when an investor uses borrowed assets by using other securities as collateral to purchase financial instruments. The effect of purchasing a security using margin is to magnify any gains or losses sustained by the purchase of the financial instruments on margin. To the extent that a client authorizes the use of margin, and margin is thereafter employed by the Firm in the management of a client's investment portfolio, the market value of the client's account and corresponding fee payable by the client to the Firm will generally be increased, unless accounts hold options, in which case the fee may be decreased under certain market conditions. As a result, in addition to understanding and assuming the additional principal risk associated with the use of margin, clients authorizing margin are advised of the potential conflict of interest whereby the client's decision to employ margin will correspondingly increase the advisory fee payable to the Firm.

Non-Diversification Risk

If a strategy is "non-diversified," its investments are not required to meet certain diversification requirements under federal law. A "non-diversified" strategy is permitted to invest a greater percentage of its assets in the securities of a single issuer than a diversified strategy. Thus, the strategy may have fewer holdings than other strategies. As a result, a decline in the value of those investments would cause the strategy's overall value to decline to a greater degree than if the strategy held a more diversified portfolio.

Political and Government risk

This is the risk that the value of your investment will be affected by the introduction of new laws or regulations.

Regulatory risk

This is the risk that changes in law and regulations from any government can change the value of a given company and its accompanying securities. Certain industries are susceptible to government regulation. Changes in zoning, tax structure or laws impact the return on these investments.

Reinvestment risk

This is the risk of loss from reinvesting principal or income at a lower interest rate.

2. Specific Investment Risks

Triad and your Advisory Representative offer various types of investments. The different types of investments we offer and their potential risks are described below.

Stock – A stock, also known as "shares" or" equity," implies owning a proportionate amount of a company that issued the stock. It entitles the stockholder (you) to that proportion of the company's assets and earnings.

 Major risks: Business, Concentration, Currency, Financial, Foreign Investment, Inflation, Market, Political and Governmental

Bonds – This is a fixed income investment that represents a loan by you (the investor) to a borrower (typically a company, government/municipality, or governmental agency).

Major risks: Business, Call, Credit, Default, Financial, Inflation, Interest Rate, Liquidity, Reinvestment

Options – This is the risk of the option holder losing the entire amount paid for the option in a relatively short period of time, reflecting the nature of the option as a wasting asset becoming worthless when it expires. If you don't sell an option in the secondary market or exercise it prior to expiration, you will lose your entire investment in the option.

- FLEX Options These are options issued and guaranteed for settlement by the Options Clearing Corporation (OCC). The options target the over-the-counter (OTC) market of index options and provide customers with more flexibility, allowing users to specify key contract terms, including exercise prices, exercise styles, and expiration dates. FLEX options may be less liquid than standardized options. A significant difference between FLEX options and traditional options is that FLEX options do not have a continuous quote stream. Therefore, the generation of a quote for FLEX options occurs only when a request for quote is made.
- Major risks: Counterparty, Liquidity, Manager and Market

Notes (Including Structured Notes) – This is a fixed-income investment where you (the investor) purchase a secured debt (or other assets) and become the lender, after which you receive payments (principal and interest) over a specific period (usually a shorter time period than a bond) from the borrower.

- Types:
 - Principal Protected Note (PPN) This is a fixed-income security that guarantees a minimum return
 equal to the investor's initial investment (the principal amount), regardless of the performance of
 the underlying assets.
 - Non-Principal Protected Note (NPPN) This is a fixed-income security that does not guarantee a minimum return equal to the investor's initial investment (the principal amount), because it allows clients to customize the date of return to suit their investment needs. NPPNs can be linked to a variety of underlying investments including indices, single stocks, portfolios of shares, industry sectors, commodities and currencies.
 - Structured Notes These are complex instruments consisting of a bond component and an imbedded derivative. Structured notes that provide for the repayment of principal at maturity are subject to the credit risk of the issuing financial institution. Structured notes that do not offer this protection may cause a client to lose some, or all, of its principal. Depending on the nature of the linked asset or index, the market risk of the structured note may include changes in equity or commodity prices, changes in interest rates or foreign exchange rates, or market volatility. After issuance, structured notes may not be re-sold on a daily basis and thus may be difficult to value given their complexity. A client's ability to trade or sell structured notes in a secondary market is

often very limited and clients should, therefore, be prepared to hold a structured note to its maturity date, or risk selling the note at a discount to its value at the time of sale. Structured notes may have complicated payoff structures that can make it difficult for clients to accurately assess their value, risk and potential for growth through the term of the structured note. Determining the performance of each note can be complex and this calculation can vary significantly from note to note depending on the structure. Notes can be structured in a wide variety of ways. Structured notes expose investors to credit risk: if the structured note issuer defaults on these obligations, investors may lose some, or all, of the principal amount they invested in the structured notes as well as any other payments that may be due on the structured notes. If a structured note has a "call provision" and the issuer "calls" the structured note, investors may not be able to reinvest their money at the same rate of return provided by the structured note that the issuer redeemed.

• Major risks: Call, Credit, Default, Inflation, Interest Rate, Liquidity, Market, Reinvestment

Certificate of Deposit (CD) (including Structured CDs) – This is a fixed-income investment where you (the investor) deposit a sum of money for a specified period and you will receive either a specific rate of interest or a rate of interest linked to an index with a capped gain. Certain CDs can be FDIC insured.

• Major risks: Call, Default, Inflation, Interest Rate, Market, Reinvestment

Unit Investment Trust (UIT) (including Buffer UITs) – This is where a U.S. financial company that buys or holds a group of securities, such as stocks or bonds, and makes them available to investors as redeemable units. UITs have a stated expiration date based on what investments are held in their portfolio; when the portfolio terminates, investors get their share of the UIT's net assets.

• Major risks: Business, Credit, Interest Rate, Liquidity, Market, Reinvestment

Exchange Traded Fund (ETF) and Exchange Traded Note (ETN) (including Buffer ETFs) – An ETF is a basket of securities that trades on an exchange (open stock market), just like a stock and it often seeks to track an underlying index. ETF share prices fluctuate throughout the trading day as the ETF is bought and sold; this is different from mutual funds that only trade once a day after the market closes. An ETN is a debt instrument that mimics the performance of a basket of securities but does not actually hold them for the benefit of the client. An ETN is an obligation of the issuing company, often an investment bank.

• Major risks: Concentration, Currency, Foreign Investment, Inflation, Liquidity, Manager, Market, (for ETN: Credit risk)

Mutual Fund – This is a type of investment vehicle consisting of a portfolio of stocks, bonds, or other securities. Mutual funds give small or individual investors easier access to diversified, professionally managed portfolios. Mutual funds are divided into several kinds of categories, representing the kinds of securities they invest in, their investment objectives, and the type of returns they seek. Mutual funds charge annual fees (called expense ratios) and, in many cases, commissions, which can affect their overall returns. Most mutual funds offer you different types of shares, known as "classes." Each class invests in the same portfolio of securities and has the same investment objectives and policies. But each class has different shareholder services and/or distribution arrangements with different fees and expenses.

- Open-end -- With an open-end fund, if you want to buy shares, the management company will sell them to you. They will take your money, add it to the portfolio, and create more shares. You always buy or sell shares of an open-end fund with the issuing fund company, never on the secondary market.
 - Major risks: Concentration, Currency, Foreign Investment, Inflation, Manager, Market

Annuity – This is a long-term investment that is issued by an insurance company designed to help protect the annuitant from the risk of outliving the income generated by their deposits into the contract. Because these are long-term vehicles annuity contracts include contingent deferred sales charges ("CDSCs") that would result in a forfeiture of a percentage of account value if surrendered prior to their expiration, typically three to 10 years depending on the contract.

Annuities have two phases. Phase one of the annuity contract is known as the accumulation phase, where deposits are designed to accumulate on a tax-deferred basis. During the accumulation phase contract holders can choose annuities with any one or, in some cases, a combination of the following accumulation account options:

- Variable Annuity This is a tax-deferred retirement contract that allows you to choose from a selection of investments called subaccounts. These investments are designed to provide contract holders with a diversified investment portfolio in a specified asset class or general investment strategy. Subaccounts are managed by an investment specialist or a team of specialists who make decisions to manage the subaccount based on the stated objective. Each subaccount will have a unique expense ratio based on the services provided by the investment specialist team. For example, subaccount designed to follow the return of a stock index, such as the S&P 500 will have a lower expense ratio than a subaccount seeking to actively manage a portfolio based on a stated objective.
 - Major risks: Business, Credit, Liquidity
- Investment-only Variable Annuity (IOVA) This is a type of annuity contract that provides you with a simple way to set aside taxable assets in a tax-deferred entity focused on investments only. Unlike most variable annuities which offer living income stream and death benefits (for a cost), IOVAs only offer investments and the ability to access the assets without penalty as early as age 59 ½.
 - Major risks: Business, Liquidity, Market
- o Registered Index Linked Annuity (RILA) This is a type of annuity contract that calculates account value adjustments based on the performance of a specified market index, such as the S&P 500. The account value will receive protection against market loses typically through a buffer (carrier accepts the first xx% of losses and the account accepts any additional losses in market value) or a floor (the account accepts the first xx% of loses and the carrier accepts any additional losses in market value). This protection is in exchange for limiting gains in account value to a cap (a maximum account value increase of xx%) or a participation rate (account participates in xx% of the market gains). Fees and caps may limit the potential upside. At the end of the sample period, the account value could increase or decrease.
 - Major risks: Business, Liquidity, Market

Phase two of the annuity contract is known as the annuitization phase. This option converts your purchase payments (what you contribute) and accumulated growth (if any) into periodic payments that can be paid out under various payment options, including a lifetime option. Annuities can provide clients with additional benefits above and beyond tax deferred growth in the form of living benefits or enhanced death benefits including but not limited to the following.

- Guaranteed Minimum Withdrawal Benefit (GMWB)

 Guarantees clients a stream of lifetime income based on a percentage of the contract's benefit base. Lifetime GMWB payments are available without having to immediately annuitize the contract.
- Guaranteed Minimum Accumulation Benefit (GMAB) Guarantees a certain portion of the investment is returned to the contract owner regardless of the performance of the subaccounts.
- Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit (GMDB) Guarantees an enhanced benefit to the contract owner's beneficiaries regardless of the account value on the date of death. These benefits can be based on a return of the initial investment, the highest contract value on the contract's anniversary over a specified period of time or increase at a specified percentage over a period of time.

Alternative Investments – Alternative investments include but are not limited to closed-end funds, interval funds, hedge funds, non-traded real estate investment trusts, managed futures, private credit, private equity, other limited

partnerships. Alternative investments are subject to various risks such as limitations on liquidity, pricing mechanisms, and specific risk factors associated with the particular product, which for products associated with real estate, would include, but not be limited to, and property devaluation based on adverse economic and real estate market conditions. Alternative investments may not be suitable for all investors. A prospectus that discloses all risks, fees and expenses, and risk factors associated with a particular Alternative Investment may be obtained from your Advisory Representative. Read the applicable prospectus(es) or offering document(s) carefully before investing. Investors considering an investment strategy utilizing alternative investments should understand that alternative investments are generally considered speculative in nature and involve a high degree of risk, particularly if concentrating investments in one or few alternative investments or within a particular industry.

 Major risks: Potentially greater and substantially different than those associated with traditional equity or fixed income investments. They include but are not limited to: Liquidity, Market, Inflation, Currency, Concentration, Manager, Credit

Closed-end Fund –This is a type of investment vehicle where, at fund inception, the investment company raises a set amount of money and issues a specific number of shares. No new shares are created after that point. Investors can buy the fund shares only on the secondary market, from someone else who is selling shares. Like stocks, closed-end fund shares can be traded at any time of the day when the market is open. The shares reflect market values rather than the net asset value of the fund itself.

Major risks: Concentration, Currency, Foreign Investment, Inflation, Manager, Market

Hedge Fund – This is a broad alternative investment category of pooled investment vehicles with a variety of strategies. Strategies may include investing in non-traditional asset classes, using leverage, or taking short positions. Hedge funds are not subject to the same regulation as mutual funds and are often limited to institutions or wealthy individuals.

• Major risks: Business, Concentration, Currency, Interest Rates, Liquidity, Manager, Market

Interval Fund – This is a type of investment company that periodically offers to repurchase its shares from shareholders. These shares typically do not trade on the secondary market. These shares are subject to periodic repurchase offers that may be limited by volume by the fund at a price based on net asset value.

• Major risks: Credit, Liquidity, Manager, Market

Managed Futures – This is an alternative investment where a portfolio of futures contracts is actively managed by professionals. Managed futures are considered an alternative investment and are often used by funds and institutional investors to provide both portfolio & market diversification.

• Major risks: Foreign Investment, Horizon, Inflation, Interest Rate, Manager, Market

Non-Traded REIT – This is an alternative real estate investment designed to reduce or eliminate tax while paying dividends and/or providing returns on real estate appreciation. A non-traded REIT does not trade on a securities exchange and is therefore quite illiquid for extended periods of time.

 Major risks: Business, Concentration, Credit, Financial, Inflation, Interest Rate, Liquidity, Manager, Political and Government

Non-Traded Preferred Stock – Preferred stock is a type of hybrid security that has characteristics of both common stock and bonds. Non-traded preferred stock does not trade on a securities exchange and may be illiquid for an extended period of time.

• Major risks: Business, Call, Concentration, Credit, Financial, Inflation, Liquidity

3. Additional Risks of investing in Third Party Money Managers

Allocations to third-party managers and investors in third-party investment funds (including registered funds and private funds) are subject to the following additional risks:

Third-Party Aggressive Investment Technique Risk — Managers and investment funds may use investment techniques and financial instruments that may be considered aggressive, including but not limited to investments in derivatives, such as futures contracts, options on futures contracts, securities and indices, forward contracts, swap agreements and similar instruments. Such techniques may also include taking short positions or using other techniques that are intended to provide inverse exposure to a particular market or other asset class, as well as leverage, which can expose a client's account to potentially dramatic changes (losses) in the value of its allocation to the manager and/or investment fund.

Liquidity and Transferability – Certain investment funds – for example, private funds and interval funds – offer their investors only limited liquidity and interests are generally not freely transferable. In addition to other liquidity restrictions, investments investment funds may offer liquidity at infrequent times (i.e., monthly, quarterly, annually or less frequently). Accordingly, investors in investment funds should understand that they may not be able to liquidate their investment in the event of an emergency or for any other reason.

Possibility of Fraud and Other Misconduct – When client assets are allocated to a manager or investment funds, the Firm does not have custody of the assets. Therefore, there is the risk that the manager or investment fund or its custodian could divert or abscond with those assets, fail to follow agreed upon investment strategies, provide false reports of operations, or engage in other misconduct. Moreover, there can be no assurances that all managers and investment funds will be operated in accordance with all applicable laws and that assets entrusted to manager or investment funds will be protected.

Counterparty Risk – The institutions (such as banks) and prime brokers with which a manager or investment fund does business, or to which securities have been entrusted for custodial purposes, could encounter financial difficulties. This could impair the operational capabilities or the capital position of a manager or create unanticipated trading risks.

When you are deciding whether to invest in a specific investment, make sure you obtain, review and discuss with your Advisory Representative the documentation related to the investment which outlines the details of the investment (i.e., prospectuses, annual reports and offering memorandums that discuss the structure of the investment, fees/costs, management, portfolio, restrictions, contributions, distributions, risks, etc.) The documentation should be provided by your Advisory Representative or can be obtained directly from the investment sponsor.

Pledging Assets

Clients should be aware that pledging assets in an account to secure a loan or purchase securities on margin involves additional risks. The broker/dealer or bank holding the loan has the authority to liquidate all or part of the securities at any time without your prior notice in order to maintain required maintenance levels, or to call the loan at any time. As a practical matter, this may cause you to sell assets and realize losses in a declining market. These actions may interrupt your long-term investment goals and result in adverse tax consequences and additional fees to the bank. The returns on accounts or pledged assets may not cover the cost of loan interest and account fees and may dictate a more aggressive investment strategy to support the costs of borrowing. Before pledging assets in an account, clients should carefully review the loan agreement, loan application and any forms required by the bank and any other forms and disclosures provided by the Firm.

Listed above are some of the primary risks associated with the way we recommend investments to you. Please do not hesitate to contact us to discuss these risks and others in more detail. In instances where we recommend that a third party manage your assets, please refer to the third-party's ADV and associated disclosure documents for details on their investment strategies, methods of analysis and associated risks.

Investing in securities involves risk of loss that you should be prepared to bear.

ITEM 9 - DISCIPLINARY INFORMATION

The State of Florida instituted an administrative proceeding against the Firm on July 22, 2015 (Case #OFR 2015-277). Florida alleged that a registered branch of the Firm's broker-dealer failed to maintain a checks received blotter and that the Firm failed to maintain a copy of the approval of the branch's stationery and a record of the broker-dealer representative's outside business activity. The matter was resolved by consent, with the Firm agreeing to pay a monetary fine of \$7,500 and agreeing to cease and desist certain activity.

FINRA filed an administration complaint against the Firm on February 23, 2016 (Case #2014042544301) due to the Firm's failure to apply sales charge discounts to certain customers' eligible purchase of unit investment trusts ("UITs") in violation of FINRA Rule 2010. During the same time period, FINRA alleged that the Firm failed to establish and maintain a supervisory system, including written supervisory procedures, reasonably designed to ensure that customers received sales charge discounts on all eligible UIT purchases in violation of NASD Rule 3010 and FINRA Rule 2010. On February 26, 2016, Triad consented to a censure, a \$125,000 fine and restitution to customers totaling \$102,631.62.

ITEM 10 - OTHER FINANCIAL INDUSTRY ACTIVITIES AND AFFILIATIONS

OVERVIEW

This section contains information about our financial industry activities and affiliations. We provide information about the material relationships and arrangements we have with any related persons, including broker-dealers and investment advisers. We identify if any of these relationships or arrangements create a material conflict of interest with clients and discuss how we address these conflicts. "Related Persons" are defined as entities that we control or control us or are under common control with us.

CORPORATE STRUCTURE

Triad is a wholly owned subsidiary of Osaic Holdings, Inc., which is owned primarily by a consortium of investors through RCP Artemis Co-Invest, L.P., an investment fund affiliated with Reverence Capital Partners LLC. The consortium of investors includes, RCP Genpar Holdco LLC, RCP Genpar L.P., RCP Opp Fund II GP, L.P., and The Berliniski Family 2006 Trust.

OTHER INDUSTRY AFFILIATES

Triad has the following affiliates, which are wholly owned subsidiaries of Osaic Holdings, Inc.

Securities America Financial Corporation (SAFC) Holding Company	100% owned by Osaic Holdings, Inc.
Securities America, Inc. Broker/Dealer	100% owned by SAFC
Arbor Point Advisors, LLC Registered Investment Advisor	100% owned by SAFC
Ladenburg Thalmann Asset Management Registered Investment Advisor	100% owned by Osaic Holdings, Inc.
Ladenburg Thalmann & Co., Inc. Broker/Dealer	100% owned by Osaic Holdings, Inc.

Securities America Advisors, Inc. Registered Investment Advisor	100% owned by SAFC
Osaic Advisory Services, LLC Registered Investment Advisor	100% owned by Osaic Holdings, Inc.
Highland Capital Brokerage Insurance Company	100% owned by Osaic Holdings, Inc.
Premier Trust, Inc. Trust Company	100% owned by Osaic Holdings, Inc.
Triad Insurance, Inc. Insurance Company	100% Owned by Osaic Holdings, Inc.
Osaic Institutions Holdings, Inc. (OIHI) Holding Company	100% owned by Osaic Holdings, Inc.
American Portfolios Holdings, Inc. (APHI) Holding Company	100% owned by Osaic Holdings, Inc.
Osaic Institutions, Inc. Registered Investment Advisor, Broker/Dealer	100% owned by OIHI
American Portfolios Advisory, Inc. Registered Investment Advisor	100% owned by APHI
American Portfolios Financial Services, Inc. Broker/Dealer	100% owned by APHI

Triad also has Related Persons who are under common control of Osaic Holdings, Inc.. The following chart details the Related Persons, which are wholly owned subsidiaries of Osaic, Inc., which is a wholly owned subsidiary of Osaic Holdings, Inc.

The Firm is also affiliated with VISION2020 Wealth Management Corp., a registered investment adviser with the SEC. We offer investment advisory programs sponsored by VISION2020 Wealth Management Corp.

Osaic, Inc. Holding Company	100% owned by Osaic Holdings, Inc.
Osaic Services, Inc. Broker/Dealer	100% owned by Osaic, Inc.
Osaic Wealth, Inc. Registered Investment Advisor, Broker/Dealer	100% owned by Osaic, Inc.
Vision2020 Wealth Management Corp. Registered Investment Advisor	100% owned by Osaic, Inc.

The following chart details the Related Persons, which are not wholly owned subsidiaries of Osaic Holdings, Inc. or Osaic, Inc. These Related Persons, however, are under common control of Osaic Holdings, Inc. Your Advisory Representative, however, cannot recommend the purchase of securities through such affiliates and do not conduct advisory business through these Related Persons.

Black Diamond Financial, LLC	100% owned by Black
Registered Investment Advisor	Diamond Financial
3	Holdings, LLC

BROKER-DEALER REGISTRATION

As noted in Item 4, Triad Advisors, LLC. is registered as an investment adviser with the SEC in order to offer investment advisory products and services to its advisory clients. Triad Advisors, LLC. is also a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") as a broker-dealer engaged in the offer and sale of securities products. Triad's registration as a broker-dealer is material to our advisory business because the majority of our advisory accounts are held by Triad as introducing broker-dealer to its clearing firm (NFS). When Triad introduces accounts to its clearing firm additional compensation is earned by Triad. The conflicts of interest due to this additional compensation are further described herein or within other disclosures for the applicable program.

Most of our Advisory Representatives are associated with Triad as Registered Representatives. Your Advisory Representative will take into consideration all types of accounts that could be offered (i.e., both brokerage and advisory accounts) when making the recommendation of an account that is in your best interest. Refer to the Investment Advisor Public Disclosure website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov for more information on your Advisory Representative's specific licenses or brokercheck.finra.org for registered representatives specific licenses.

Account recommendations include recommendations of securities account types generally (e.g., to open an IRA or other brokerage account), as well as recommendations to roll over or transfer assets from one type of account to another (e.g., a workplace retirement plan account to an IRA).

If acting as a Registered Representative, your Advisory Representative can recommend the purchase of securities offered by Triad. In that case, your Advisory Representative would receive commissions for those products which will be in addition to advisory fees charged on assets covered by your client advisory relationship. As such, Advisory Representatives have an incentive to sell you commissionable products in addition to providing you with advisory services when such commissionable products may not be suitable. Alternatively, they have an incentive to forego providing you with advisory services when appropriate, and instead recommend the purchase of commissionable investments, if they deem that the payout for recommending the purchase of these investments would be higher than providing management advice on these products for an advisory fee. Therefore, a conflict of interest could exist between their interests and your interests. We maintain policies and procedures to ensure recommendations are in your best interest.

While our securities sales are reviewed for suitability by an appointed supervisor, you should be aware of the incentives we have to sell certain securities products and are encouraged to ask us about any conflict presented.

All such transactions are affected in compliance with the Advisers Act and other applicable law, including our duty to seek best execution.

Please be aware that you are under no obligation to purchase products or services recommended by us or members of our Firm in connection with providing you with any advisory service that we offer.

INSURANCE

The Firm is also an insurance agency licensed to do business in all 50 states.

Advisory Representatives that are also insurance licensed are permitted to sell fixed insurance products including, but not limited to, fixed annuities, term life insurance, and whole life insurance for compensation through the Firm's insurance agency or an independently owned agency.

Highland Capital Brokerage ("Highland") is a Related Person of the Firm and an independent insurance brokerage firm that delivers life insurance, fixed and equity indexed annuities, long-term care solutions and variable insurance wholesaling support to investment and insurance providers. Some employees of Highland may also be registered with us and/or our broker/dealer affiliates.

OUTSIDE BUSINESS ACTIVITIES

Since registered representatives are independent contractors of Triad, they have the ability to engage in certain other business activities separate from the activities they conduct through Triad. Some of Triad's affiliated registered representatives are permitted to be employed by, or own, a financial services business entity, including an investment adviser business, separate from Triad. Although this is not considered a conflict of interest, clients should be aware that these situations can exist. Such activities include, but are not limited to, tax preparation, insurance, and/or real estate services. When your Advisory Representative engages in these certain other business activities (other than the provision of brokerage and advisory services through us), they could receive greater compensation through outside business activities.

BUSINESS OPERATIONS WITH AFFILIATES

Some of our business operations involve directing clients to products or services of our Related Persons. In that case we or our Related Persons can receive compensation when doing so which results in a conflict of interest. Your Advisory Representative, however, does not receive a portion of the compensation paid to us or our Related Persons and therefore does not have a conflict of interest in recommending the use of one of our affiliated companies. As a result of the fact your Advisory Representative is not compensated for directing you to products or services offered by our Related Persons, we believe that the Firm's conflict of interest is mitigated. The Firm or its Advisory Representatives may direct you to the following Related Persons:

<u>Premier Trust:</u> Premier Trust is a Nevada chartered trust company that provides trust, estate planning and administrative services. When making any recommendation, Advisory Representatives first consider whether Premier Trust can adequately service client needs and whether any other efficiencies or benefits will result to the client. Clients are not obligated to follow our recommendations or use Premier Trust's services. When used, Premier Trust provides full disclosure with respect to its trust and administrative services and related costs.

<u>Highland Capital Brokerage (Highland)</u>: Highland is an independent insurance brokerage firm that distributes fixed and variable life insurance, disability insurance, fixed and indexed annuities, and long-term care solutions to financial professional and their clients. Some employees of Highland are also registered with us and/or our broker/dealer affiliates. Advisory Representatives receive indirect compensation in the form of rebated fees when recommending and selling Highland products to you. This is a conflict of interest as Advisory Representatives have an incentive to recommend and sell these products to you.

<u>Ladenburg Thalmann & Co. Inc. (LTCO)</u>: LTCO is a registered broker/dealer. Your Advisory Representative can also recommend clients invest in securities issued in an initial public ("new issue") and secondary offering for which LTCO acts as a manager, an underwriter and/or a member of the selling syndicate. Triad can also act as a member of the selling syndicate. We have a conflict of interest when recommending these securities because:

LTCO receives all or a portion of the concession (the difference between the price paid by the client
for the security and the price for which LTCO purchases the security) in connection with such sales.
This concession will vary between different offerings. If Triad also acts as a member of the selling
syndicate, they receive a portion of the concession. If your representative is also a registered
representative, he or she generally receives a portion of this compensation in that separate
capacity.

Because of our affiliation with LTCO, we have incentives to recommend investments in these initial and secondary offerings for the above reasons rather than based on client needs. To address these conflicts, we have policies and procedures in place to make sure securities in initial public offerings are recommended only to clients for whom they are in the client's best interest based on client investment objectives and holdings. If securities acquired in initial public and secondary offerings become oversubscribed, we have policies and procedures in place addressing the allocation process under these circumstances.

Clients are not obligated to use any LTCO services recommended.

<u>Ladenburg Thalmann Asset Management, Inc. (LTAM):</u> LTAM is an SEC registered investment advisor specializing in investment management, market analysis, due diligence, fund selection, asset allocation and diversification strategies. LTAM sponsored programs and their characteristics are more fully described in its disclosure brochures, which are available to any client or prospective client upon request.

LTAM offers the Ladenburg Funds (i.e., Ladenburg Income Fund, Ladenburg Income & Growth Fund, Ladenburg Growth & Income Fund, Ladenburg Growth and Ladenburg Aggressive Growth), each of which is an open-end fund; as well as the Total Portfolio Series funds (Collective Investment Trusts) established for retirement plans. Our Advisory Representatives can recommend clients invest in these funds as well as other Ladenburg portfolios. Transactions within these funds are executed through LTCO, which receives no commissions when executing trades on behalf of the Funds.

- LTAM operates \$ymbil®, an online, interactive tool designed to assist clients in selecting among the five Ladenburg Funds by using a questionnaire to gauge a client's time horizon, risk tolerance and investment objectives. A client investment profile is created from the responses to this online questionnaire. LTAM has no discretion over a client's investments. Our Advisory Representatives can recommend clients use \$ymbil®, and if clients implement transactions using \$ymbil®, both Triad and our Advisory Representatives receive promoter fees. This creates a conflict of interest; however, clients have no obligation to accept any suggestions provided by \$ymbil® or to invest in any of the Ladenburg Funds.
- LTAM offers the Qui(k) program. LTAM serves as the ERISA Section 3(38) investment fiduciary for the plans associated with this program. LTAM has entered into an agreement to provide 3(38) investment fiduciary services to TRG Fiduciary Services, LLC (TRGF). TRGF is the Pooled Plan Provider (PPP) for the Qui(k) platform, TRGF's Pooled Employer Plan (PEP). LTAM, as well as the other Qui(k) platform service providers, are engaged by TRGF in their capacity as the PPP named fiduciary and PEP plan sponsor. Certain collective investment trusts ("CITs") managed by LTAM are available as investment options in Qui(k). However, LTAM utilizes a share class that does not pay a fee to LTAM for management of the CIT assets. Employers who participate in Qui(k) will sign a separate agreement engaging TRGF as the PPP. TRGF, LTAM, and the Firm do not engage in any revenue sharing as a result of this relationship. The specific manner in which fees are charged is established for a client in the client's written investment advisory agreement. Advisory Representatives are not acting as a fiduciary for purposes of ERISA when recommending employer participation in Qui(k) versus the other programs or options.

We offer clients access to professional Third-Party Money Managers that create and implement portfolios with a variety of investment strategies (see Item 4 *Advisory Business* for additional information) on the Wealth Management Platform - Unified Managed Account Program) and the Third-Party Advisory Services. LTAM is among the Third-Party Money Managers that can be recommended to clients. Triad has a conflict of interest when recommending LTAM to clients. Advisory Representatives receive compensation that varies depending on the TPMMs recommended. The Firm earns more total compensation when a client selects LTAM as a Third-Party Money Manager than we would earn if the client selects certain other unaffiliated TPMMs. Thus, our Advisory Representatives have a conflict of interest because of an incentive to recommend certain managers over others. We address these conflicts of interest through policies and procedures that, among other things,

require Advisory Representatives to make suitable recommendations, to act as a fiduciary to clients, and to act solely in clients' best interests.

CAIS ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENTS PLATFORM

As described above, the Firm is a subsidiary of Osaic Holdings, Inc., which is ultimately owned by a number of private investment funds organized and sponsored by Reverence Capital Partners. In addition to its ownership of Osaic Holdings, Inc., private investment funds organized and sponsored by Reverence Capital Partners, directly or indirectly, own (whether through majority or minority interest) other investment advisers and securities and financial services firms. One of such firms is Capital Integration Systems LLC ("CAIS"), which, as disclosed in Item 4, together with its affiliates provides the alternative investments platform to the Firm's clients. This ownership entitles Reverence Capital Partners to appoint a member to the board of directors of CAIS and certain committees thereof and otherwise grants the Reverence Capital Partners certain consent and veto rights over actions taken by CAIS and its affiliates. In addition, our agreement with CAIS provides for a payment to us of up to 10 basis points (.10%) on the sale amount of alternative investment products sold through the CAIS platform. The Firm has therefore an incentive to recommend alternative investments on the CAIS platform to you, which is a conflict of interest. However, your Advisory Representative does not receive any portion of this compensation.

ITEM 11 - CODE OF ETHICS, PARTICIPATION OR INTEREST IN CLIENT TRANSACTIONS AND PERSONAL TRADING

We have adopted a Code of Ethics (the "Code") to address securities-related conduct. The Code focuses primarily on fiduciary duty, personal securities transactions, insider trading, gifts, and conflicts of interest. The Code includes our policies and procedures developed to protect your interests in relation to the following topics:

- The duty at all times to place your interests first;
- The requirement that all personal securities transactions be conducted in such a manner as to be consistent
 with the Code and to avoid any actual or potential conflict of interest or any abuse of an employee's position
 of trust and responsibility;
- The principle that investment adviser personnel should not take inappropriate advantage of their positions;
- The fiduciary principle that information concerning the identity of your security holdings and financial circumstances are confidential; and
- The principle that independence in the investment decision-making process is paramount.

This response is only intended to provide you with a summary description of our Code of Ethics. Please refer to our Code of Ethics located at www.triadadvisors.com/disclosures in its entirety for additional details.

It is the Firm's policy to prohibit agency cross transactions where representatives act as brokers for both buying and selling a single security between two different clients and are compensated through an agency commission or principal mark-up for the trades. If we adopt a different policy in this area or an exception is made, we will observe all rules and regulations in accordance with the disclosure and consent requirements of Section 206(3) of the Advisers Act. Additionally, we are aware that such transactions can only occur if we can ensure that we meet our duty of best execution for the client.

Related Person(s) to us may have an interest or position in securities which may be recommended to you.

Our Advisory Representatives, from time to time, can recommend investment products to you, including mutual funds, variable and fixed annuities, and other insurance products, sponsored, distributed, or managed by our Related Persons. Advisory Representatives may also recommend that you select portfolio managers that are Related Persons. These Related Persons may, from time to time, place brokerage transactions with Triad and refer you to us. Such recommendations and arrangements might create a conflict of interest because they may result in an increase in compensation for us, our Advisory Representatives and our Related Persons.

While our security sales are reviewed for suitability by an appointed supervisor, you should be aware of the incentives we have to sell certain securities products and are encouraged to ask us about any conflict presented.

We may recommend securities to you or buy or sell securities for your account at or about the same time we buy or sell the same securities in our own account. In those instances, the Firm maintains policies and procedures to avoid, detect, and correct conflicts of interest that arise if you and the Advisory Representative (including Related Persons) invest in the same security on the same side of the market on the same day.

ITEM 12 - BROKERAGE PRACTICES

SELECTION OF BROKER-DEALERS

Although we may utilize other broker-dealers and account custodians to service your advisory account, we generally use Triad (in their capacity as a broker-dealer) which introduces accounts to its clearing firms. By using Triad, we are able to provide a uniform technology platform to our Advisory Representatives for the management of client accounts and provide clients a uniform clearing and custodial platform applicable to both advisory and non-advisory brokerage accounts.

You will enter into separate custodial/clearing agreements with the applicable custodian for your advisory account. Your funds and securities are held with those custodial firms, and not by us, Triad or your Advisory Representative. Custodians handle the delivery and receipt of all securities bought and sold in your account, values securities, receives and distributes all dividend and other distributions, and processes exchange offers, rights offerings, warrants, tender offers, or redemptions. Custodians also send trade confirmations (unless suppressed by you), periodic account statements of all activities, and shareholder communications. They maintain custody of your assets and perform other customary custodial services.

Triad's business relationship with NFS provides Triad with other benefits, including favorable pricing, receipt of revenue sharing payments and receipt of a portion of interest payments on margin loans. In addition, these firms provide Triad payments for certain conferences and programs. The Firm has an economic interest to use Triad in their capacity as introducing broker-dealer and Triad has an economic incentive to use NFS as its clearing firm for trade execution and custody over other firms that do not or would not provide such economic benefits to Triad, even if such other firms might be more beneficial to clients of the firm. These substantial economic benefits are further described in Item 4 - Margin Loans, Item 5 - Sweep Program and Item 14 - Client Referrals and Other Compensation. Triad also has a contract with NFS which provides Triad incentives to place assets with these firms, as well as disincentives in the form of charges to Triad if it were to terminate its contract before the end of the contract term. Accordingly, we have a financial incentive and conflict of interest to recommend and use Triad and NFS for brokerage and custodial services.

Transactions executed through NFS are subject to our duty to obtain "best execution", i.e., a price that is as favorable to you as possible under the prevailing market conditions. While we make every attempt to obtain the best execution possible, there is no assurance that it will be obtained. You should consider whether our programs result in costs or other disadvantages to you as a result of possibly less favorable trade executions.

We do not engage in any formal soft dollar practices.

TRADING PRACTICES

Occasionally, a trading error may occur where either we, or our Advisory Representatives, are at fault for effecting one or more erroneous securities transactions for a client's brokerage account. If this occurs in your account, the error will be corrected, and your account will be restored to the same economic position had the error never occurred. In the process of restoring your account, a profit may be realized, or a loss suffered in connection with correcting this error. Neither losses nor gains realized will be passed on to you. As a result, trade corrections can result in a financial benefit to us or our affiliated broker/dealers.

In connection with the provision of Third-Party Advisory Services, our choice of custodian will be limited to those choices offered by the Third-Party Advisory Service.

When possible, the Firm and your Advisory Representative can aggregate client transactions to improve the quality of execution. Mutual funds held in client accounts do not lend themselves to aggregate or block trades. To the extent other securities are purchased that do lend themselves to aggregating or block trading (e.g., stocks or exchange traded funds), The Firm and your Advisory Representative can aggregate client transactions or allocate orders whenever possible. The Firm and our Advisory Representatives allocate trades to advisory clients in a fair and equitable manner that is applied consistently. When trades are not aggregated, clients may not enjoy the effects of lower transaction per share costs that often occur as a result of aggregating trades. As a result, you can pay a higher transaction cost than could be received elsewhere. Partial fills will be allocated in a way that does not consistently advantage or disadvantage particular client accounts and are generally filled pro-rata among participating accounts.

The aggregation and allocation practices of mutual funds and Third-Party Money Managers that we recommend to you are disclosed in the respective mutual fund prospectuses and Third-Party Money Manager disclosure documents which will be provided to you.

Transactions executed at broker-dealers other than the one at which a client's account is held are sometimes called "step-out" trades. The Firm or an investment manager that has the discretion to execute step-out trades with broker-dealers other than the account custodian will incur additional transaction, trading, or execution fees that the client will pay as a result of such step-out trades. Additional transaction, trading, or execution fees resulting from step-out trades will increase the client's cost and negatively impact investment performance. However, a step-out trade can potentially allow the investment manager to achieve better price execution.

The Firm and investment managers may decide to step-out for a variety of reasons, including to obtain an optimal combination of price and service for the client or to satisfy the investment manager's best execution obligation. Investment managers have the discretion to utilize step-out trades in circumstances including, but not limited to, those involving equity securities, fixed-income securities, structured products, derivatives (e.g., options), thinly traded securities, illiquid securities, fixed-income securities, structured products, derivatives (e.g., options), thinly traded securities, illiquid securities, fixed-income securities, structured products, derivatives (e.g., options), thinly traded securities, illiquid securities, ETFs, or other securities from a different broker-dealer or the broker or dealer selling the securities to obtain a more favorable price or because the particular security is not available through account custodian.

ITEM 13 - REVIEW OF ACCOUNTS

Each purchase or sale of a security affected by our Advisory Representative in your account is monitored for suitability by an appointed supervisor. In addition, our Advisory Representatives periodically review your accounts as needed, but no less than annually. Such review and any consultation typically contain, when warranted, advice regarding recommended changes to your investments and recommendations for implementation of proposed changes.

You will receive monthly and/or quarterly account statements from the custodian. Your Advisory Representative can also send you a quarterly performance report ("QPR"). QPRs are for informational purposes only and based on information believed to be accurate, but that we have not verified. For accurate account information, you must refer to the account statement from the account custodian.

ITEM 14 - CLIENT REFERRALS AND OTHER COMPENSATION

CLIENT REFERRALS

The Firm has promoter arrangements with individuals. A Promoter (including solicitors) is any person providing a testimonial or endorsement. Promoter arrangements are conducted in accordance with the SEC's "Marketing Rule" (Rule 206(4)-1). The Marketing Rule covers both cash and non-cash compensation paid to promoters. This includes advisory fees based on a percentage of assets under management or amounts invested, flat fees, hourly fees, reduced advisory fees, fee waivers, cash sales awards and any other methods of cash compensation. If you are introduced to us through a Promoter, a separate disclosure statement is provided, advising you of the compensation arrangement to an individual that is unaffiliated with the Firm.

We have established a relationship with LTAM's \$ymbil program. The Firms Advisory Representatives can provide clients access to LTAM's \$ymbil program through the Advisory Representative's website. The Firm receives a portion of the asset management fee that LTAM charges. These fees can be paid on an ongoing basis and can continue even if your relationship with the Advisory Representative and/or the Firm is terminated.

NETWORKING ARRANGEMENTS

There is an option for the Firm and its Advisory Representatives to offer advisory services on the premises of unaffiliated financial institutions, like banks or credit unions. In such a case, the Firm will enter into networking agreements with financial institutions pursuant to which we share compensation, including a portion of the advisory fee, with the financial institution for the use of the financial institution's facilities and for client referrals.

OTHER COMPENSATION

The Firm offers a range of investments and services to its clients. As you work with your Advisory Representative to determine the right investments and services to achieve your investment goals, it is also important for you to understand how Triad, Osaic and your Advisory Representative are compensated. Certain forms of compensation can create conflicts of interest, and it is important for you to assess these conflicts of interest when making investment decisions.

In some cases, we pay a portion of an Advisory Representative's compensation to an Advisory Representative's designated supervisor(s). This creates a conflict of interest because the compensation affects the designated supervisor's ability to provide objective supervision of the Advisory Representative. The Firm mitigates this conflict through policies, procedures and its governance structure. The Firm and our designated supervisors have an obligation to supervise Advisory Representatives and may decide to terminate an Advisory Representative's association with the Firm based on performance, a disciplinary event, or other factors. The amount of assets serviced or revenue generated by an Advisory Representative creates a conflict of interest when considering whether to terminate an Advisory Representative.

The Firm maintain policies and procedures to ensure recommendations are suitable and require that Advisory Representatives always act in your best interest. We also maintain a supervisory structure to monitor the advisory activities of your Advisory Representative to reduce potential conflicts of interest. You are encouraged to ask us about any conflict presented. In particular, we note the following:

RECRUITING AND TRANSITION ASSISTANCE

To assist in the costs of transitioning from another investment adviser, we provide various benefits and/or payments to certain Advisory Representatives that are newly associated with the Firm. The proceeds of the transition assistance payments are intended to be used for a variety of purposes, including but not limited to, providing working capital to assist in funding the Advisory Representative's business, satisfying outstanding debt owed to the Advisory

Representative's previous firm, technology set-up fees, marketing and mailing costs, stationery and licensure transfer fees, moving expenses, office space expenses, and staffing support. The amount of the transition assistance is generally based on the size of the Advisory Representative's business established at his or her prior firm. This assistance is generally in the form of loans to the Advisory Representative and are forgiven by us based on the years of service with the Firm.

The receipt of the recruiting/transition assistance creates a conflict in that the Advisory Representative has a financial incentive to recommend a client to open and maintain an account with the Firm.

TOP PRODUCER OPPORTUNITIES

The Firm offers additional educational, training, marketing and home office support services and events for those Advisory Representatives that meet overall revenue production goals. While these goals are not specific to any type of product or service offered, a conflict of interest exists because these opportunities provide a financial incentive for Advisory Representatives to recommend investment products and advisory services in general.

ADVISOR APPRECIATION PROGRAM

The Firm provides the following compensation and ownership opportunities to certain Advisory Representatives:

- The Retention Program In very limited situations the Firm provides compensation to certain Advisory Representatives that have been affiliated with the Firm for many years and are profitable to the organization. Although there is no production requirement for these limited situation loans, the loan does create a conflict of interest by requiring the Financial Professional to retain affiliation with the Firm in order to avoid repayment of the loan.
- The Custodial Net New Asset Program We will make additional annual payments to Advisory Representatives of approximately 35 (0.35%) on all new assets added to our customer accounts custodied with NFS. The payment depends on a number of factors. Your Advisory Representative may receive a higher payment. Please reach out to your Advisory Representative for information about this conflict. The Custodial Net New Asset Program provides an incentive for your Advisory Representative to select the NFS custodial location for your brokerage accounts because compensation is paid to the Advisory Representative (rather than a custodial location at an investment sponsor which would not result in additional compensation).
- The Select Advisor Program Some Advisory Representatives have been selected to participate in a program whereby they will receive up to 30 basis points (.30%) on all net new assets added to our customer accounts custodied with NFS. Net new assets ("NNA") is defined as contributions to existing accounts and transfer of new client assets onto our custodian NFS, less distributions or outbound transfer of assets from same custodians. Eligibility for the program will be based on NNA custodied with NFS between April 1 and March 31 with payments generally being made in April of each year. If total NNA during this 12-month period is equal to or greater than \$5 million, but less than \$10 million, the Advisory Representative will receive a one-time 20 basis point (.20%) payment. If total net new assets during this 12-month period is equal to or greater than \$10 million, the Advisory Representative will receive a one-time 30 basis point (.30%) payment tied to a 3-year forgivable note that will be forgiven in equal one-year portions each year based on the Advisory Representatives continued affiliation with the Firm. The Select Advisor Program provides an incentive for your Advisory Representative to select the NFS custodial location for your brokerage accounts because compensation is paid to the Advisory Representative (rather than a custodial location at an investment sponsor which would not result in additional compensation).
- The Referral Rewards Program Subject to certain qualifications and restrictions, the Firm will make payments to affiliated Financial Professionals for referrals of unaffiliated Financial Professionals. For each qualified referred Financial Professional who affiliates with the Firm, the referring Financial Professional will receive up to 3% of the referred Financial Professional's trailing 12-month production and up to 3% of the

referred Financial Professional's first 12 months of production. The Firm is responsible for these payments and the payments to the Financial Professional are not a portion of the fees and/or commissions you pay. Your Financial Professional's status as a referring Financial Professional is not a conflict to you because if referring, the referred Financial Professional's production is unrelated to your account. Your Financial Professional's status as a referred Financial Professional is not a conflict to you, because your Financial Professional is not compensated specifically for being part of the Referral Rewards Program.

• The Equity Ownership Plan – Certain Advisory Representatives who are accredited investors are offered the opportunity to invest in AG Artemis Holdings, L.P, the parent entity of Triad.

LOANS

The Firm provides loans to certain Advisory Representatives as an incentive to establish, maintain, or expand their brokerage and advisory relationships. The repayments of such loans are typically dependent on the financial professional retaining affiliation with us through the end of the loan period. These loans create a conflict of interest for the financial professional to retain affiliation with the Firm in order to avoid repayment of the loan. Please note the forgivable notes referenced in the section above on Advisor Appreciation Programs.

INDIRECT COMPENSATION AND REVENUE SHARING

Strategic Partners

In addition to commissions or asset-based fees, Triad and/or Osaic receives compensation ("revenue sharing payments") from the below categories:

- Packaged Products: certain mutual funds, exchange traded funds (ETFs), variable insurance products, fixed insurance products, direct participation programs, alternative investments, and unit investment trusts (UITs)
- Retirement Plan Partners: third-party firms, including plan recordkeeping platforms as well as investment managers of mutual funds and the issuers of annuities
- Third-Party Managers: certain third-party money managers offered through accounts custodied away from the Broker-Dealer
- Collateralized Lending Partners: certain banking institutions that collateralize certain investment accounts to obtain secured loans

The above categories are hereinafter referred to as ("Strategic Partner" or "Strategic Partners"). Strategic Partners are selected, in part, based on the competitiveness of their products, their technology, their customer service and their training capabilities. Strategic Partners have more opportunities than other companies to market and educate our Advisory Representatives on investments and the products they offer. Revenue sharing payments are typically calculated as a fixed fee, as an annual percentage of the amount of assets held by customers, or as a percentage of annual new sales, or as a combination. Strategic Partners pay Triad and/or Osaic differing amounts of revenue sharing, for which the Strategic Partner receives different benefits. You do not pay more to purchase Strategic Partner investment products through Triad than you would pay to purchase those products through another broker-dealer or RIA. Additionally, revenue-sharing payments received by Triad and/or Osaic are not paid to or directed to your Advisory Representative. Nevertheless, a conflict of interest exists, in that Triad and/or Osaic is paid more if you purchase a Strategic Partner product, and your Advisory Representative indirectly benefits from Strategic Partner payments when the money is used to support costs of product review, marketing or training. This conflict of interest is mitigated by the fact that your Advisory Representative does not receive any additional compensation for selling Strategic Partner products, and that the firm maintains policies and procedures to ensure recommendations are in your best interest.

The Firm will update information regarding Strategic Partners who participate in revenue sharing arrangements with Triad on its website on a regular basis. For additional information, including specifics on the revenue share

amounts, please refer to our Indirect Compensation Disclosure located at www.triadadvisors.com/disclosures.

From time to time, Triad and/or Osaic also receives revenue sharing payments from companies that are not Strategic Partners, generally to cover meetings expenses.

Clearing & Custodial Firms

NFS provides significant compensation to Triad in their capacity as introducing broker/dealer to offset its general operating expenses based on the number of accounts and/or account assets held by Triad. Compensation received consists of a fixed dollar amount per account and percentage of net new assets and total assets held in clearing accounts at the clearing firms. Due to the significant penalties Triad would incur if Triad terminated the contracts with NFS within the first several years of contract implementation, the Firm has an incentive to continue with the long-term contracts Triad has in place with NFS. Our Advisory Representatives receive indirect compensation from the Firm for certain level of assets with Custodians. Thus, they are incentivized to recommend these Custodians to you over other options.

Certain custodian fees apply to your clearing accounts. In some instances, Triad pays a portion of the fee charged. In some instances, Triad applies a markup to these fees. Please see the Schedule of Miscellaneous Account & Service Fees for NFS (website below) for details on all of these fees and footnote 1, which identifies each specific item which Triad mark-ups. Depending on the custodial fee, it is applied annually, per transaction, per month or per CUSIP. The above forms of compensation are in addition to advisory fees you pay to us.

Please refer to the <u>Client Fee Disclosure - NFS Clearing</u> located at <u>www.triadadvisors.com/disclosures</u> to find additional details regarding custodial fees. For more information regarding the above forms of compensation, please refer to our <u>Indirect Compensation Disclosure located</u> at <u>www.triadadvisors.com/disclosures</u>.

Other Cash and Non-Cash Compensation

In addition to reimbursement of training and educational meeting costs, the Firm and its Advisory Representatives may receive promotional items, meals or entertainment or other non-cash compensation from representatives of mutual fund companies, insurance companies, and Alternative Investment Products, as permitted by regulatory rules. Additionally, sales of any mutual funds, variable insurance products and Alternative Investment Products, whether or not they are those of Strategic Partners, can qualify Advisory Representatives for additional business support and for attendance at seminars, conferences and entertainment events. From time to time, non-Strategic Partners attend Firm sponsored meetings for a fee.

ITEM 15 - CUSTODY

Although the Firm's advisory accounts are held by a qualified custodian, the Firm is deemed to have custody of client funds because it has the ability to direct such custodians to deduct advisory fees from the client's account. In addition, Triad engages in certain asset transmittal practices such that we are deemed to have custody of such assets. Triad is deemed to have limited custody of your assets because some clients' accounts have standing letters of authorization or other similar asset transfer authorization agreement and give us the authority to transfer funds to a third party.

On at least a quarterly basis, you will receive statements from the qualified custodian. Your Advisory Representative can also send you a quarterly performance report ("QPR"). The Firm urges you to carefully review the quarterly performance reports we send you and compare them with the statements provided by the qualified custodian. You should promptly notify us or your Advisory Representative upon discovery of any errors, discrepancies or irregularities.

ITEM 16 - INVESTMENT DISCRETION

We manage your accounts on either a discretionary or non-discretionary basis. We will only manage your account on a discretionary basis upon obtaining your consent. Your consent is typically granted and evidenced in the client agreement that you sign with us. We define discretion as: the ability to trade your account, without obtaining your prior consent, the securities and amount of securities to be bought or sold, and the timing of the purchase or sale. It does not extend to the withdrawal or transfer of your account funds.

We give advice and take action in the performance of our duties to you, which differs from advice given, or the timing and nature of action taken, with respect to our clients' accounts.

ITEM 17 - VOTING CLIENT SECURITIES

We do not have the authority to vote proxies solicited by, or with respect to, the issuers of securities held in your account. Typically, proxy materials will be forwarded to you by our custodian. We will forward proxy materials that we receive to you. Please contact us at any time with questions you have regarding proxy solicitations.

In addition, we do not take any action or render any advice with respect to any securities held in any accounts that are named in or subject to class action lawsuits or bankruptcy proceedings. However, we will forward you any information we receive regarding class action legal matters involving any security held in your account.

ITEM 18 - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

We do not allow, require or solicit prepayment of more than \$1,200 in fees per client, six months or more in advance. Therefore, we are not required to include a balance sheet for our most recent fiscal year. We are well capitalized and in full compliance with applicable regulations and do not foresee any financial conditions that will impair our fulfillment of reasonable obligations or contractual commitments to you.